## **Product Manual**



# **CLASSIC®** Series

Thermal Flow, Level, Interface & Temperature Switches & Transmitters











## **NOTICE**

Read this manual before working with the product. For personal and system safety, and for optimum product performance, make sure you thoroughly understand the contents before installing, using or maintaining this product.

For equipment service or support needs, please contact your local representative.

## **∕**!\ CAUTION

The products described in this document are NOT designed for nuclear qualified applications.

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## CLASSIC® 800 Specifications

#### **Applications**

Flow, Level, Interface & Temperature

#### **Process Connections**

- 1/2", 3/4", 1", 1-1/4", 1-1/2" & 2" MNPT
- 3/4" FNPT & Flanged InLine
- Threaded (1" MNPT) & Flanged Retractable Packing Glands

### Insertion 'U' Lengths

Imperial

1.2", 2", 3", 4", 6", 9", 12" & 18" standard

Metric

3, 5, 7.5, 10,15, 23, 30 & 45 cm standard

Custom Lengths

Available in 1/2" or 1 cm increments Min. 2.5" - Max. 120" (6.0 - 305 cm) model dependant

#### **Wetted Materials**

- 316/316L Stainless Steel standard
- Titanium Gr. 2, Hastelloy C-276
- 316/316L Stainless Steel c/w Nickel Braze (830 & 832 InLine Models)
- Highly Saturated Nitrile (Pressure Seal - 814 & 816 Packing Gland Models)

#### **Enclosure Material**

- Copper-free Aluminum (does not exceed 0.4% copper)
- Powder Coated Polyester TGIC (polyester triglycidyl isocyanurate)
- NEMA 4, 4X, 6P; IP65/67
- 1" FNPT Conduit Connection
- Buna O-Ring on Cover

#### **Temperature Range – Continuous Service**

Sensors

-55°C to +200°C (-58°F to +392°F) (Models 814 & 816: -55°C to +160°C [-58°F to +320°F])

Electronics

-55°C to +65°C (-67°F to +149°F)

**Note:** For temperatures above +65°C (+149°F) electronics must be remotely mounted. Refer to Electronics Location Considerations Page 10.

#### **Storage**

Product should be stored in a clean and dry environment between -30° and +60° C (-34.5° and 140° F)

#### **Operating Pressure - Sensor**

#### **Threaded Style**

 Maximum Working Pressure 24 MPa (3500 psig) dependent on model and material of construction

#### Flanged Style

 Maximum Working Pressure per flange rating

## **Switch / Transmitter Switch Point Range** (Insertion Style - 1/2" to 2"MNPT, Flanged)

- Water-based Liquids 0.01 to 3.0 ft./sec. (0.003 to 0.9 meters/sec.)
- Hydrocarbon-based Liquids 0.01 to 5.0 ft./sec. (0.003 to 1.5 meters/sec.)
- Gases

0.25 to 254 sfps (0.076 to 77 smps) Standard conditions: 21°C (70°F) at 14.7 psi (1 atm)

## **Switch / Transmitter Switch Point Range** (InLine Style)

- Water-based Liquids 0.015 to 50 cc/sec.
- Hydrocarbon-based Liquids 0.033 to 110 cc/sec.
- Gases

0.6 to 20,000 cc/sec. Standard conditions: 21°C (70°F) at 14.7 psi (1 atm)

#### **Accuracy**

- Flow Service ±1% set point velocity over operating range of ±28°C (±50°F)
- Level Service ±0.25 inches (±0.64 cm)
- Repeatability ±0.5% Thermal Signal
- Hysteresis (Dead Band) ±1% Thermal Signal
- Temperature ±1° C or ±2% of full-scale range, whichever is greater.

# Response Time

Approximately 0.5 to 30 seconds

#### **Remote Electronics Option**

- Maximum recommended cable length -200 feet (60 m)
- Cable type 24 AWG minimum twisted pairs

#### **Heater Power**

Field adjustable to optimize performance

#### **Input Power**

- Universal Power standard
   12-24 VDC and 115-230 VAC, 50-60 Hz
- Consumption Maximum 6.0 Watts
- DC input has reverse polarity protection
- AC & DC inputs have TVS diodes to protect against transient voltages (390VAC, 39VDC)
- Internal 1A self-resettable non-user-replaceable fuse

#### **Outputs**

- 4-20 mA current loop (with reverse voltage protection)
- Two (2) independent SPDT fully sealed relay contacts rated @ 4 amps resistive 230 VAC or 30 VDC Max.; individually adjustable

## **Start-Up Bypass Timer**

Adjustable for 0 to 100 seconds

#### **Communications**

Modbus RTU via RS-485

## Additional Features (Configure Using Kayden RCM Software or Modbus)

- Display Panel Lock-Out
- Set Points Configuration<sup>1</sup>
- · Relay Actuation Delay Timer
  - Independently configurable for both On and Off, increasing or decreasing
  - Adjustable from 0 5,000 seconds
- Start-up Bypass Timer¹
  - Adjustable from 0 100 seconds
- Relay Mode Configuration<sup>1</sup>
  - · Energized above or below set point
- Relay Temperature Switch Configuration
- Heater Power setting<sup>1</sup>

- LRV and URV settings¹
- Analog (4-20 mA) output configuration<sup>1</sup>
- · View and Print Graphing (Trend) function
- Configuring settings; write to device, save to file and print
- Fault Event Log

#### **Diagnostics**

- Primary watchdog circuit monitors microprocessor parameter anomalies
- Secondary watchdog circuit monitors microprocessor health
- · Heater monitored for out-of-range conditions
- Fault Mode de-energizes relay(s) and halts power to the heater

#### **Agency Approvals**

CSA

Class I, Div. 1, Groups B, C and D; Ex d IIB + H2; AEx d IIB+H2 (Class I, Zone 1, Group IIB + H2,) T3; Enclosure Type 4 / IP55



Single Seal Approval Per ANSI/ISA 12.27.01-2003 CAN Canadian Registration Number

CRN

Canadian Registration Number



Note CRN approvals available.

Visit kayden.com for CRN

information per model and jurisdiction.

FM Approvals

Class I, Div. 1, Groups B, C and D; Class I, Zone 1, AEx d IIB+H2 T2D (Ta=75°C); T3 (Ta=65°C)

### **Factory Certifications**

Factory tested to NEMA 4, 4X, 6P; IP65/67.
 Contact Technical Support for reports.

### **Weights and Dimensions**

- 810 Threaded 2" U length 7 lbs (3.18 kg)
- Carton Size 15" x 5" x 6" (38 cm x 13 cm x 15 cm)
- · Other models/sizes consult Kayden

#### Warranty

 One (1) Year from shipment date from factory (see Terms & Conditions on kayden.com for details)

Note: 1 Also configurable from Display Panel

## **Overview of CLASSIC Setup**

#### 1. Warm-up

At initial start-up or restart allow approximately 90 seconds for the heater element to warm-up and the switch to stabilize before making any adjustments.

### 2. Primary Settings

The following are the basic configurations for the CLASSIC 800 Series Electronics Modules:

- 1. Relay 1
- 2. Relay 2
- 3. Set Point 1
- 4. Set Point 2
- 5. Heater Power
- 6. 0% & 100% Thermal Signal

#### 3. Secondary Settings

The following are the additional configurations:

- 1. 4-20 mA Fault Configuration
- 2. Start-up Bypass Timer
- 3. Node Address & Software Revision
- 4. 4-20 mA Configuration

Notes		

Notes	

# 1

## Introduction

## Models Described In this Manual

This manual describes the following CLASSIC 800 Series Switches and Transmitters:



#### **CLASSIC 810 Threaded**

Insertion Style - 1/2", 3/4", 1", 1-1/4", 1-1/2" & 2" MNPT



## **CLASSIC 812 Flanged**

Insertion Style - 1" ANSI 150 through 10" ANSI 900 Flanges



### **CLASSIC 814 Flanged Retractable Packing Gland**

• Insertion Style - 1-1/2" through 10" ANSI 150 Flanges



## **CLASSIC 816 Threaded Retractable Packing Gland**

Insertion Style - 1" MNPT



#### **CLASSIC 830 Threaded**

InLine Style - 3/4" FNPT



#### **CLASSIC 832 Flanged**

• InLine Style - 3/4" ANSI 150 through 10" ANSI 900 Flanges



### **CLASSIC® 800 Electronics**

#### **Display Panel & Intelligent User Interface**

The Kayden CLASSIC 800 Electronics Module is designed to be easy to install and adjust while displaying several control functions. All Kayden CLASSIC 800 Electronics Modules feature:

- Universal Power Input
- Continuous Self-test diagnostics with Fault Indicator
- Easy setup; no jumpers or trim pots
- Incrementally adjustable heater power, range and relay set points.
- All CLASSIC 800 series switches/transmitters use the same Electronics Module making it a universal spare part. The Electronics Module is easily installed in the field without returning the entire switch/transmitter to the factory.



Figure 1 - CLASSIC 800 **Display Panel** 

## **Display Panel Indicators**

Relay 1	On steady when Relay 1 is energized
Relay 2	On steady when Relay 2 is energized
Fault	Indicates a self-test error or fault condition
Set Point 1	On steady when viewing Set Point 1
Set Point 2	On steady when viewing Set Point 2
Run Mode	Flashing when switch is operating
Bypass	Flashing when the Start-up Bypass Timer is active
Thermal Signal	Displays Thermal Signal

4-20 mA Analog Output

Start-up Bypass Timer

#### The Thermal Signal increases as

**Flow** The flow rate increases Level The sensor is submerged

Interface The sensor is submerged by the second liquid of

greater thermal conductivity

## **Typical Applications**

- Pump Protection Dry Alarm
- Leak Detection
- Flow Monitoring & Verification
- Tank Overflow Protection
- Flare Gas Monitoring
- Monitoring Purge Air Flow
- Drain Line Flow
- Interface Control in Separation Vessels
- High Pressure Flows

- Lube Oil Systems
- Vent Monitoring
- Natural Gas to Boilers
- **Emergency Eye Wash** Stations
- Tanker Loading & Unloading
- Relief Valve & Rupture Disk Flow Monitoring
- Remote Indication of Flow via Analog Output & Digital Communications
- Liquids, Air & Gases

- Slurries
- Interface Detection
- Corrosive Liquids
- Hazardous & General-Purpose Areas
- Interface Control & Level Detection in Settling Vessels
- Chemical Injection/Additive Flow Monitoring



#### I. THE KAYDEN CLASSIC 800 - DIGITAL ELECTRONICS FEATURES

The CLASSIC 800 is versatile, rugged, cost effective and easy to use. All basic configurations can be performed using the Display Panel buttons, although additional configurations may require using Kayden RCM Software (or the Modbus interface).

The CLASSIC 800's Display Panel displays process condition (flow, level & interface) via the Thermal Signal Bar Graph as well as Relay state, Timer functions and operating conditions via individual LEDs.

The CLASSIC 800 may also be remotely controlled and/or monitored via RS-485 using Kayden RCM (Remote Control & Monitoring) Software with a suitable RS-485 communication adapter and cable.

Kayden's CLASSIC 800 series uses an advanced microprocessor to perform continuous self-test diagnostics on the Electronics Module and the sensor elements.

- Any open or shorted connection will result in an error indication that also opens all output contacts and disables the heater circuitry.
- A internal watchdog circuit in the microprocessor ensures the microprocessor program code is executing correctly, and an external watchdog circuit ensures the microprocessor itself is functioning correctly. Both circuits force the contacts open, turn the Fault LED ON, turn the heater off, and de-energize the relays in the event of a malfunction. This prevents the heater from running out-of-control, which could result in excessive probe temperatures or damage the heater.
- The microprocessor also monitors the heater for out-of-range conditions. For example in a level application when the sensor is "dry" for an extended period of time, the heater will cycle between its current setting and a lower power rating until such time as the sensor is again submerged.

The CLASSIC 800 includes a number of circuit protection features:

- Reverse polarity protection on the 12-24 VDC power input and 4-20 mA analog output.
- Transient-voltage suppression on 12-24 VDC and 115-230 VAC power inputs to protect against voltage spikes (TVS) diodes.
- Self-resettable non-user-replaceable fuse, to prevent external power supply current protection circuits from tripping should the CLASSIC fail.



#### II. PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

The Kayden CLASSIC sensor probe incorporates two RTDs and a heating element.

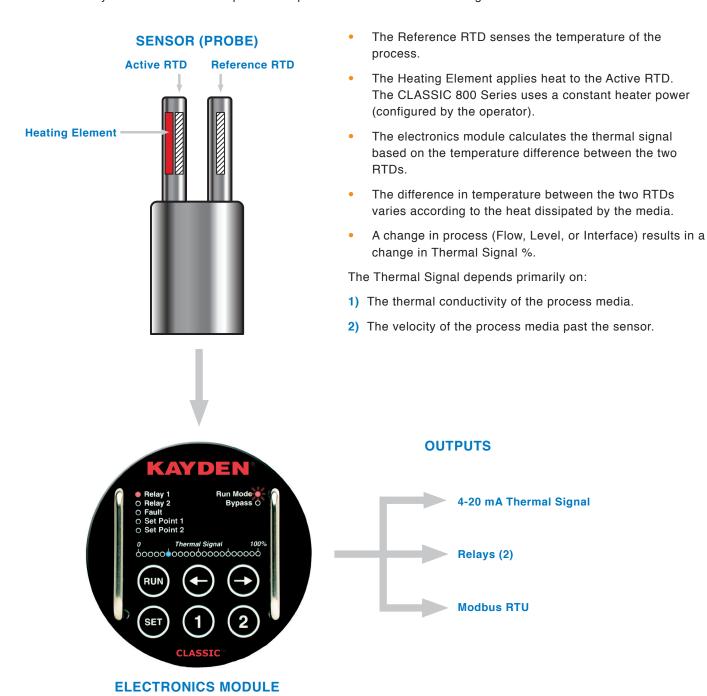


Figure 2 - CLASSIC 800 Probe & Outputs



#### III. THERMAL SIGNAL

#### Thermal Signal as it Applies to Flow, Level, and Interface

The CLASSIC 800 may be setup in the field for flow, level or interface with air, gases, liquids, or slurries. The CLASSIC 800 Local Thermal Signal Bar Graph display implies a range of flow detection from 0 to 100%.

If the LED bar graph indicates 0% then a minimum amount of heat is being carried away by the process.

If the LED bar graph indicates 100%, then a maximum amount of heat is being carried away by the process.

The Thermal Signal is continuously compared against the Relay Set Points and the relays are energized or deenergized appropriately.

#### Flow / No Flow

#### The Thermal Signal increases as the FLOW increases.

When the velocity of the process media is low or nonexistent, less thermal energy (heat) is dissipated from the heated sensor.

As the velocity increases, the amount of energy dissipated by the process media increases, thereby increasing the Thermal Signal.

The Thermal Signal is smallest (left-most LED illuminated) in a no-flow state and increases (LED moves to the right) as flow increases.

The relationship between Thermal Signal and velocity is Non-Linear.

The following figure is a typical flow curve showing Thermal Signal (heat loss) vs Velocity in glycol.

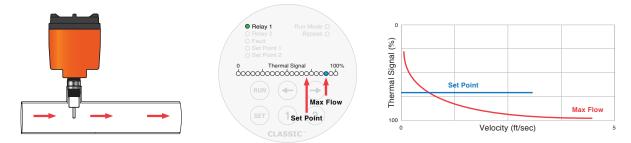


Figure 3 - Thermal Signal vs Velocity in Glycol

#### Level

The Thermal Signal Increases when the sensor is submerged in a fluid.

Air and other gases have low thermal conductivity and do not dissipate heat as well as liquids.

Therefore the Thermal Signal is smallest when in air or gas. The Thermal Signal increases as the sensor is submerged. The Thermal Signal is lower (left-most LED illuminated) in a dry motionless state and increases once the sensor is submerged in fluid. (see Figure 4).

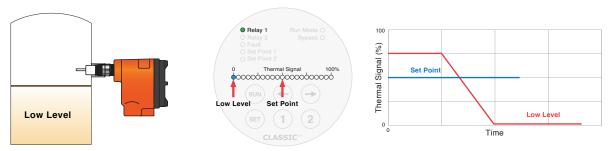


Figure 4 - Thermal Signal Dry vs Submerged



The Thermal Signal is **higher** (right-most LED illuminated) when the **sensor is submerged in a fluid** and decreases when the sensor is **exposed to air or gas in a motionless state** (see Figure 5).

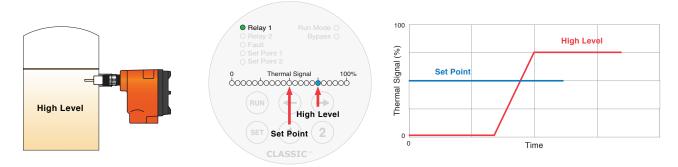


Figure 5 - Thermal Signal Submerged vs Dry

#### Interface

The Thermal Signal **changes** as the (interface) sensor is exposed to an **alternate fluid** which has a different rate of **thermal conductivity**.

The CLASSIC 800 can be set up to detect the difference between most liquids when:

- The different rate of the thermo-conductivity of the two fluids is large enough to detect.
- There is little or no velocity, and the process media is in a stable motionless state.

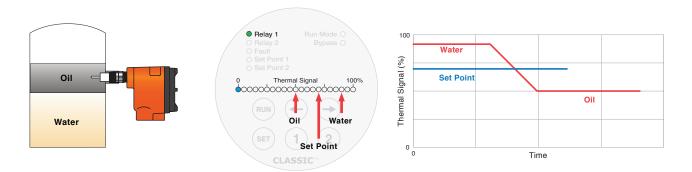


Figure 6 - Thermal Signal in Alternate Fluids

#### IV. 4-20 mA ANALOG OUTPUT

The 4-20 mA analog output signal corresponds to the Thermal Signal LED Bar Graph.

- The 4-20 mA signal may be displayed either as forward-acting (ascending 4-20 mA) or reverse-acting (descending 20-4 mA).
- The 4-20 output can be configured to output either 3 mA (LOW) or 21 mA (HIGH) in a fault condition (NAMUR NE 43).
- When the CLASSIC is in Set Mode, the 4-20 mA Output is disabled and will default to LOW or HIGH.

Refer to the Section 3, "View or Adjust the 4-20 mA Output Configuration (Forward or Reverse)" or the Classic 800 Series Quick Setup Guide.

2

## **Installation Guidelines**

#### I. GENERAL

Kayden electronics are designed to be universal for flow, level, interface and temperature applications and with most liquids, gases and slurries. Ensure:

- Correct setup of the electronics and,
- Proper physical installation of the sensor.

#### Location

- Consider the need for easy access in order to view the operation and make any required field adjustments.
- Provide at least 12 inches (30 cm) clearance if possible to allow access for setup and viewing after installation.

#### **Shock and Vibration**

 Install the switch/transmitter so as to minimize any effects due to vibration, shock and extreme temperatures.

#### **Temperature**

- The continuous operating temperature limits of the Electronics Module is -55°C to +65°C (-67°F to +149°F). Ambient temperatures in excess of +65°C (+149°F) require the electronics to be mounted remotely from the sensor. Consult kayden.com or the factory for more information.
- The continuous operating temperature limits of the sensors are -45°C to +200°C (-50°F to +392°F).

#### **Turbulence / Interference**

- Pumps, fans, valves, or pipe bends of 90° or more will cause turbulence or significant variance in the flow which will affect the repeatability of the switch/transmitter. Care should be taken to minimize this possibility.
- For Pump Flow/No-Flow detection, the CLASSIC can be mounted on either the inlet or the discharge side of the pump (the best linear response will be on the inlet side). If the CLASSIC must be mounted on the discharge side, a straight run before the CLASSIC of at least 5 times the pipe bore diameter is recommended.
- Keep the sensor away from any devices that may cause physical damage such as: agitators, valves, injectors, etc.

**Note:** Many times, especially when replacing a different type of instrument, the installation point is predetermined and is difficult to change. Kayden switches/transmitters have specific design features that enable them to perform well even in difficult locations and applications. Please consult your local representative or Kayden for questions or installation / setup recommendations.

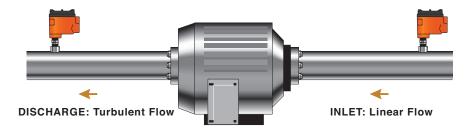
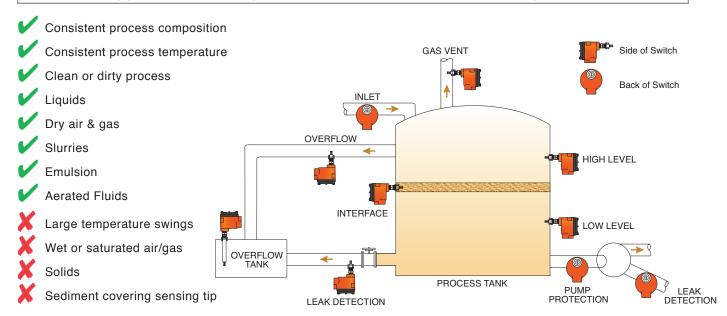


Figure 7 - Pump Flow Detection

## **Application Principles - Flow, Level, Interface & Temperature**



## **Application Considerations - Flow**

#### **Ideal Process Conditions**

#### Liquids

- · Consistent process composition & temperature
- Sufficient straight run flow profile (minimizes turbulence)
- Recommended minimum of 5 pipe diameters from any disturbance, preferably 15 pipe diameters.

#### Air & Gas

- Consistent process composition and temperature, ideally clean and dry but not necessarily so long as process is consistent.
- Sufficient straight run flow profile (minimizes turbulence)
- Recommended minimum of 5 pipe diameters from any disturbance, preferably 15 pipe diameters.

#### **Slurries**

- · Consistent process composition & temperature
- Sufficient straight run flow profile (minimizes turbulence)
- Recommended minimum of 5 pipe diameters from any disturbance, preferably 15 pipe diameters.

#### **Emulsion**

- · Consistent process composition & temperature
- Sufficient straight run flow profile (minimizes turbulence)
- Recommended minimum of 5 pipe diameters from any disturbance, preferably 15 pipe diameters.

#### **Undesirable Process Conditions**

#### Liquids

- · Inconsistent process composition or temperature
- · Insufficient straight run
- Turbulence

#### Air & Gas

- Inconsistent process composition or temperature
- Wet or saturated air/gas

#### **Slurries**

- Inconsistent process composition or temperature
- Insufficient straight run
- Turbulence

#### **Emulsion**

- Inconsistent process composition & temperature
- Insufficient straight run
- Turbulence

#### Solids

 Dry granulated processes are NOT good candidates for thermal switches



## **Application Considerations - Level**

#### **Ideal Process Conditions**

#### Liquids

- · Consistent process composition & temperature
- Non-turbulent applications

#### **Slurries**

Consistent process composition & temperature

#### **Emulsion**

Consistent process composition & temperature

#### **Undesirable Process Conditions**

#### Liquids

- · Inconsistent process composition
- Turbulence
- · Large temperature swings

#### **Slurries**

- Inconsistent process composition
- Turbulence
- · Large temperature swings

#### **Emulsion**

- Inconsistent process composition
- Turbulence
- · Large temperature swings

#### **Solids**

· Dry granulated processes are NOT good candidates for thermal switches

## **Application Considerations - Interface**

#### **Ideal Process Conditions**

#### Liquids

- Liquid to Liquid
- Consistent process composition & temperature
- · Non-turbulent applications
- · Large differential in thermal conductivities

#### Air or Gas to Liquid

- Consistent process composition & temperature
- Non-turbulent applications
- Dry gas

#### **Emulsion**

- · Consistent process composition & temperature
- · Large differential in thermal conductivities

## **Undesirable Process Conditions**

#### **Liquid to Liquid**

- · Inconsistent process composition or temperature
- High aeration
- High turbulence
- · Small differential in thermal conductivities

#### Air or Gas to Liquid

- Inconsistent process composition or temperature
- High turbulence

#### **Emulsion**

- · Inconsistent process composition or temperature
- High aeration
- High turbulence
- Small differential in thermal conductivities

#### **Solids**

 Dry granulated processes are NOT good candidates for thermal switches



## **Application Considerations - Temperature**

#### **Ideal Process Conditions**

#### **Undesirable Process Conditions**

Consistent Processes

Process Temperature < -55°C or > +200°C

Process Temperature -55°C to +200°C

Note: See Additional Setup Features on Page 41 to configure relays to respond to temperature.

#### II. ELECTRONICS LOCATION CONSIDERATIONS

A remote electronics enclosure is required when ambient temperatures near the sensor exceed 65°C (149°F) where the electronics will be mounted. The combination of several factors relative to temperature should be considered when mounting the switch/transmitter:

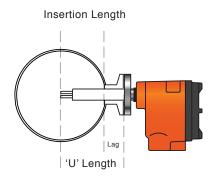
- A. High temperatures of the process material, which may over time, become a convective heat source.
- B. High ambient temperature, which may prevent the surrounding air from cooling or insulating the electronics.
- C. Radiant heat, if the switch/transmitter is installed in direct sun in a hot climate, or near a heat source.
- D. Mechanical features of the installation such as pipe insulation, heat sinks, cooling fans, etc.



#### III. GUIDELINES FOR PIPE MOUNTING

The CLASSIC 800 is a flow, point level, interface and temperature sensing device. The sensor tip must be inserted in the proper location and to the proper depth in order to accurately react to your process conditions. The following information, including Figures 8 through 13, should be considered as text book examples for proper installation.

Notes: Most pipe connections for instrumentation are a variation of a butt-weld-type such as the Weldolet or Thredolet. The length of this connection must be added to the pipe diameter when determining the required insertion length for the sensor. The Kayden literature refers to this "insertion length" dimension as the "U" length, Figures 8 & 9.



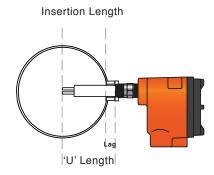


Figure 8 - Insertion 'U' Length (Flanged)

Figure 9 - Insertion 'U' Length

#### **Horizontal Pipe - Side Mount (Ideal)**

As shown in Figure 10a, ensure the sensing tip is inserted to a point between 5% and 75% of the inside diameter of the pipe. Avoid locations where sediment may accumulate and isolate the sensing tip from the process.

#### **Horizontal Pipe - Top Mount**

Gas will always collect at the top of any pipe, ensure sensing tip is inserted to a point where it will be constantly and fully exposed to the desired process media.

#### **Horizontal Pipe - Bottom Mount**

Because sediment will collect at the bottom of any pipe, ensure sensing tip is inserted to a point where it will be constantly and fully exposed to the desired process media. Avoid locations where sediment may accumulate and eventually isolate the sensing tip from the process.

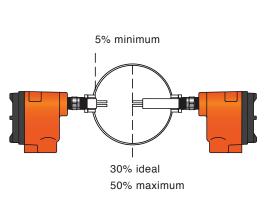
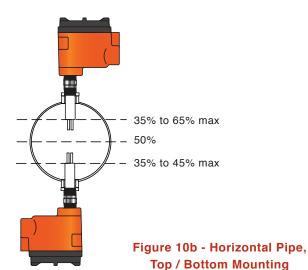


Figure 10a - Horizontal Pipe, **Side Mounting** 





## **Vertical Pipe**

For vertical pipe mounting, Kayden strongly recommends installing the switch/transmitter at a point of UPWARD process flow to ensure continued total immersion of the sensing tip.

If there is no other option except to install the flow switch/transmitter in a vertical pipe with downward flow, the following information must be considered:

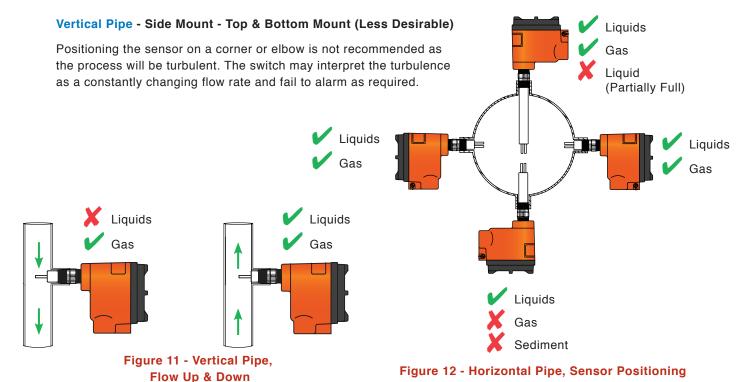
- A "waterfall effect" may occur in vertical pipe with low flow rates. The process may become substantially aerated and will therefore cause the switch/transmitter to interpret the aeration as a lower flow rate (see Figure 11).
- The line should be full of the liquid/slurry at all times.
- The switch/transmitter must be far enough from an open outlet that air cavitation does not extend to the sensing tip and cause a false flow signal. A constriction at the outlet helps avoid this problem.

#### **Vertical Pipe - Side Mount (Acceptable)**

- Ensure sensing tip is fully inside the pipe wall as a minimum and to the center of the pipe as a maximum.
- When installing the switch in vertical piping, Kayden strongly recommends installing the switch/ transmitter at a point of UPWARD process flow to ensure continued total immersion of the sensing tip.

#### **Vertical Pipe - Side Mount - Downward Flow**

- Is only recommended for higher flow rates where the LINE IS KEPT FULL OF LIQUID/SLURRY.
- For installation in a vertical gravity flow, the switch must be distant enough from an open outlet that air cavitation does not affect the sensing tip and cause a false flow signal. A constriction at the outlet helps avoid this problem.
- A waterfall effect will occur in vertical pipe with low flow rates. Also, the process is likely to become substantially aerated. The switch will interpret the aeration as a substantially lower flow rate and possibly cause a false low flow alarm.





#### IV. INSTALLING THE SENSOR

Having followed the installation guidelines in Section 2, "Installation Guidelines", Subheadings I through III, you may now proceed with installation.

## **CAUTION**

- 1. Use proper eye protection and any other safety equipment as required by your installation site.
- 2. Check electrical power to ensure that all power has been disconnected and 'locked out'.
- 3. Ensure the process tank and/or line pressures are 'zero'.
- Ensure that steam, hot water, acids or any other potentially hazardous media will not be released.
- 5. Follow all safety precautions as specified for your installation site and / or local codes.

#### 1. Process Connections

- Threads: Coat with a thin layer of thread tape or sealant/lubricant. Do not overtighten threads when installing.
- Flanges: To ensure a correct seal on mating flanges, mount and tighten flanges according to ANSI standards.

#### 2. Sensor Orientation

To optimize the sensor's performance ensure the sensor is positioned as outlined below. As shown in Figure 13 below, ensure the arrows etched on the sensor flats (<=>) are oriented parallel to the process flow. Blue arrows indicate the acceptable directions of the flow.

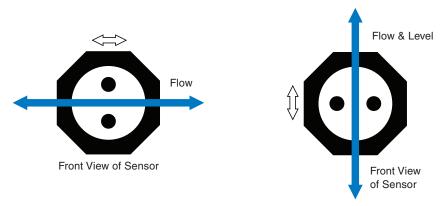


Figure 13 - Sensor Orientation for Horizontal Flow & Level

Notes: 1. Liquids & Slurries: When mounted in a tee or section of pipe larger than the normal process pipe, position sensor at a sufficient insertion point so as to avoid contact with any air or gas bubbles that occur in the larger section of pipe.

2. Avoid locations where sediment may accumulate and eventually isolate the sensing tip from the process. Sediment covering the sensor tip may prevent the switch/transmitter from being able to sense any changes in the process as the sediment will insulate the sensing tip.



## V. ELECTRICAL 1. General

Ensure all electrical installation is in accordance with all applicable local and national electrical code requirements. The CLASSIC 800 series standard configuration includes an explosion-proof enclosure. The CLASSIC 800 Series is FM approved and Canadian Standards Association (CSA) approved and must be installed in accordance with these applicable codes and standards.





- Power Supply: For applications using a DC power supply, ensure the power has less than 2% ripple.
- Switch/Transmitter Enclosure: The switch/transmitter enclosure must be grounded in accordance with local and national electrical codes. The most effective grounding method is a direct internal connection to earth ground with minimal impedance. The (green) Internal Ground Connection screw is located inside the electrical enclosure and is identified by the universal ground symbol.

## **CAUTION**

- 1. Mount the enclosure so that moisture/liquids will not enter the switch/transmitter enclosure. If conduit connections are not sealed, moisture accumulation can damage the switch/transmitter.
- 2. Grounding the switch/transmitter enclosure via threaded conduit connection may not provide sufficient ground continuity.
- 3. Do not run the transient protection ground wire in the same conduit as the signal wiring as the ground wire may carry excessive current if a lightning strike occurs.

#### 2. Wiring Connections to the Switch/Transmitter

To make the electrical connections to the CLASSIC 800, it is necessary to remove the Electronics Module as follows:

#### A. Remove the Cover

 Turn the external stainless steel locking screw clockwise with a 5/32" (#10) Allen Key and turn the cover counter clockwise until it can be lifted off the enclosure.

#### B. Remove the Electronics Module

- To remove the Electronics Module, pull outward with an equal force on both stainless steel handles. Care should be taken to avoid damaging the sensor cable attached to the Electronics Module.
- Practice ESD (electrostatic discharge) procedures when handling the Electronics Module. Electrostatic discharge may damage the electronics! Never place the Electronics Module on a surface or pass it to another person in a way that would allow an electrostatic discharge to pass through it.

#### C. Removing the Sensor Connector from the Electronics Module

- Refer to Figure 14.
- The Electronics Module must be removed from the enclosure before any wiring can be connected to the Mounting Base Plate. Disconnect the sensor connector from the Electronics Module by disengaging the locking tab and pulling (with fingers) on the corners of the small black connector. Do not pull directly on the wires. The use of pliers may damage the connector.





Figure 14 - Disconnecting Sensor Connector from the Electronics Module

#### Input Power Connections

The CLASSIC 800 will accept 12-24 VDC or 115-230 VAC input power via the universal power supply by wiring the Electronics Module according to input power available.

- For AC power, connect the HOT line to VAC-H, the NEUTRAL to VAC-N and the GROUND wire to the green grounding screw in the enclosure, also indicated by the ground symbol.
- For DC Power, connect the positive voltage to +VDC and the common or negative to COM. (see Figure 15 & 16)

#### Wiring the Relay Contact(s)

 The CLASSIC 800 features two (2) fully sealed independent relays, which may be wired for Normally Closed (NC) or Normally Open (NO) operation. Relay 1/Relay 2 are connected as shown in Figure 15.

#### Wiring the 4-20 mA Analog Output

• The CLASSIC 800 features a fully isolated 4-20 mA Analog Output, which can be wired in a 3-Wire or 4-Wire configuration as shown in Figures 15 & 16.

#### Wiring RS-485 Interface

The RS-485 remote communications port is connected as follows:

- The common ground reference used on some 3-wire half-duplex systems. While no current should pass through this conductor, it should not be used as a shield. If using a shield it should only be connected to ground at one point, usually at the PLC or computer.
- **485 (A-)** The A or negative data line.
- **485 (B+)** The B or positive data line.
- This pin provides an AC coupled terminator of 120 ohms when shorted to 485 (A-). This feature eliminates the need to add an external terminator. It is AC coupled to reduce power consumption when the 485 bus is idle. For more details on AC vs. DC termination of RS-485 networks, contact Kayden Technical Support at kayden.com.

**Notes:** For more information see Figures 15 & 16.

#### **KAYDEN** Installation Guidelines

#### Replacing the Electronics Module in the Enclosure

Repeat steps 2B and 2C in reverse order. The cable from the sensor to the Electronics Module should be gently positioned between the outside of the Mounting Base Plate with green & black connectors and the inside of the enclosure. If the excess length of the cable interferes with the mounting of the Electronics Module then gently rotate the Electronics Module one full turn to put a twist in the sensor cable.

- There is no surplus room in the enclosure for excessively long wires.
- Use a quality data communications cable for all non-power connections (RS-485). Ensure that the shield is sufficient to allow the cable to coexist with the power connections. Consult your local electrical code for requirements.
- All wires must be kept free and clear of the green & black mounting connectors on the Mounting Base Plate to prevent interference with the mounting of the Electronics Module.
- Treat the Electronics Module and sensor cable with care. While the CLASSIC 800 is a rugged unit, these assemblies can be damaged if mishandled.

#### VI. LOCAL ENCLOSURE WIRING DIAGRAMS

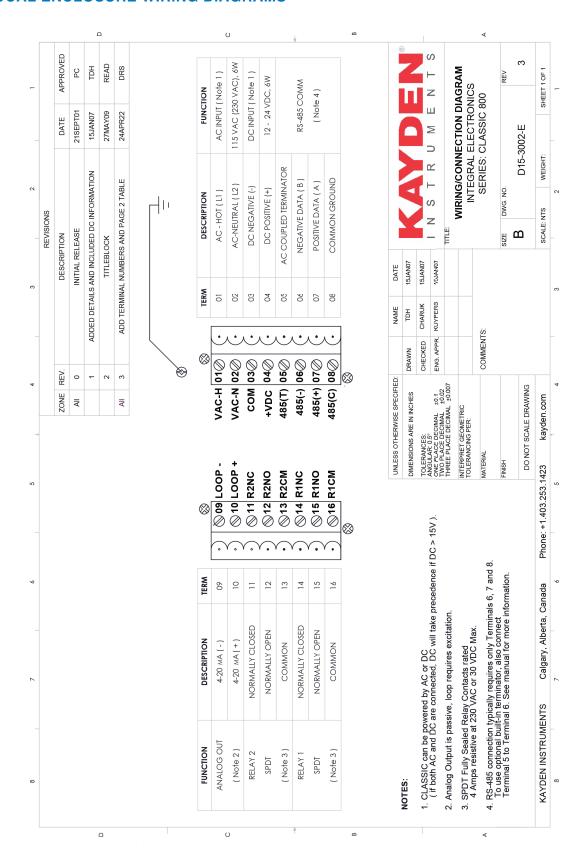


Figure 15 - CLASSIC 800 Electronics Module Terminal Wiring Diagram



#### **VII. REMOTE ENCLOSURE WIRING DIAGRAMS & APPLICATIONS**

A CLASSIC 800 Remote Enclosure should be used in two application circumstances:

### 1. Process Temperature is Too Hot for the Local Enclosure

If the environment the sensor will be mounted in is too hot for the electronics module, or too hot for the safety of the operator, a remote module should be used.

#### 2. Enclosed or Difficult to Reach Locations

If the sensor is placed in a location that makes reading the electronics module difficult, use a remote display for ease of operator viewing, typically at eye level.

#### 3. High Vibration

Mounting the electronics in a high-vibration location could damage the module, remote mounting should be used.



**Figure 16 - CSA Remotely Mounted Electronics** 

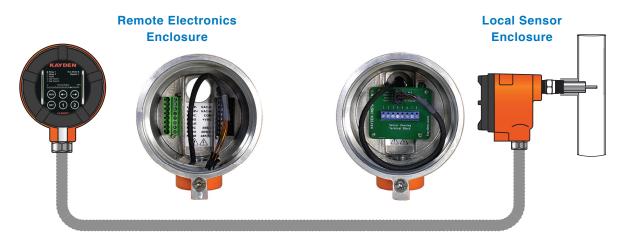


Figure 17 - FM Remotely Mounted Electronics



## **Interconnecting Cables for Remote Electronics**

#### **Non-Armored Cable**



Assembly includes heat shrink with crimp ferrules.

(Strain relief fittings are not included, however they are available as an option).

Construction: 8 color coded conductors 20 AWG, shielded cable, PVC jacket.

Voltage Rating: 30 volts RMS

**Temperature Rating:** -4°F to +176°F (-20°C to +80°C)

**Part Number: A05-GP-xxxx** (xxxx = length in feet)

#### **Armored Cable**



## General Purpose (Non-hazardous) Cable & Connector Assembly

Assembly includes 2 general-purpose cable fittings.

Construction: 8-strand concentric, Class B tinned copper, .020" PVC insulation, individual and overall foil shield, color & number coded, drain and Mylar separator, PVC inner jacket, aluminum interlock armor, PVC outer jacket.

Voltage Rating: 300 volts

#### **Temperature Rating:**

-40°F to +194°F (-40°C to +90°C); insulation rated @ 221°F (105°C)

Part Number: A06-GP-xxxx (xxxx = length in feet)



## Flameproof Cable & Connector Assembly

Assembly includes 2 sealed explosion-proof cable fittings and sealing compound.

Construction: 8-strand concentric, Class B tinned copper, .020" PVC insulation, individual and overall foil shield, color & number coded, drain and Mylar separator, PVC inner jacket, aluminum interlock armor, PVC outer jacket.

Voltage Rating: 300 volts

#### Temperature Rating:

-40°F to +194°F (-40°C to +90°C); insulation rated @ 221°F (105°C)

Part Number: A06-XP-xxxx

(xxxx = length in feet)

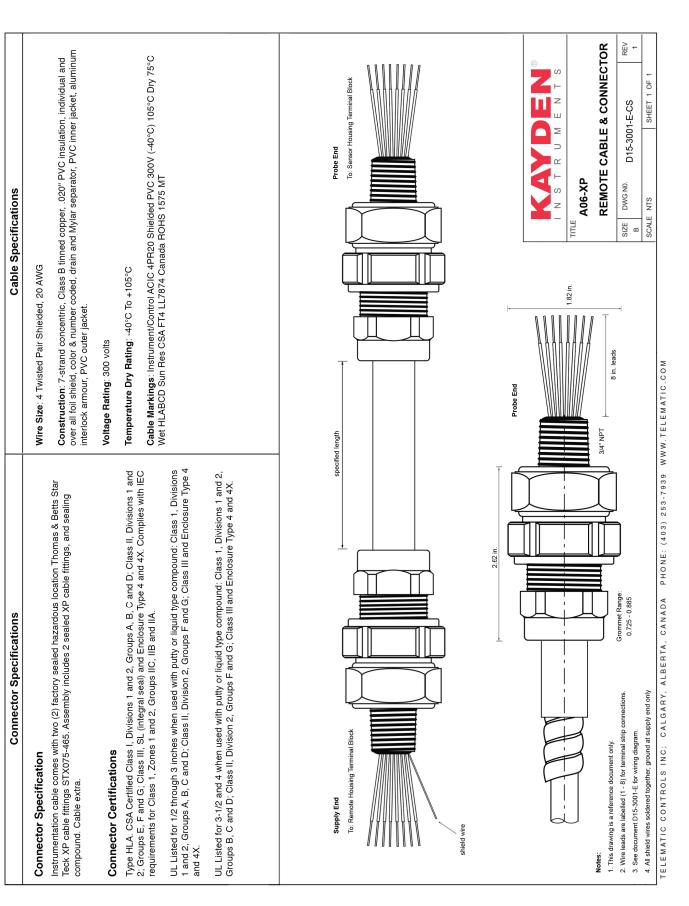


Figure 18 - A06-XP Remote Cable and Connector Spec Drawing

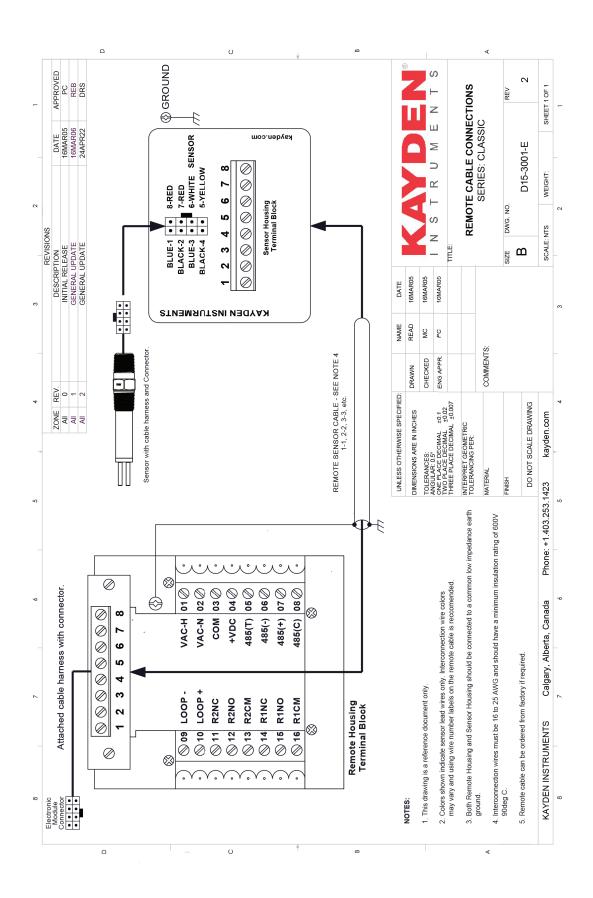


Figure 19 - CLASSIC 800 Wiring Diagram (Remote)

## **Optional Wiring Methods for 4-20 mA Current Loop**

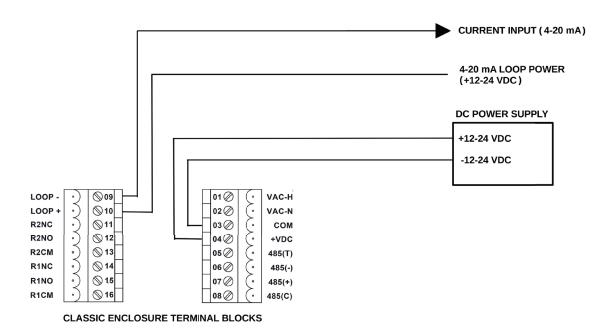


Figure 20 - DC Powered CLASSIC, 4-Wire External Loop Power (Current Sinking)

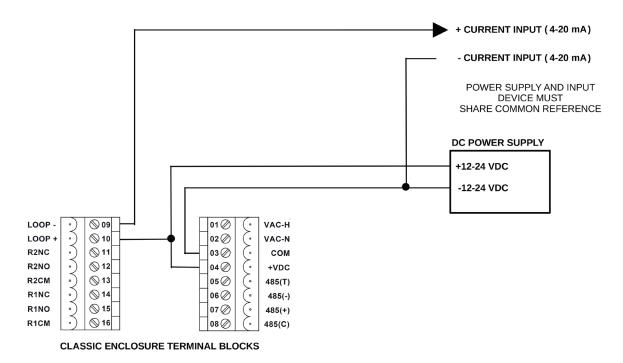


Figure 21 - DC Powered CLASSIC, 3-Wire Internal Loop Power (Current Sourcing)



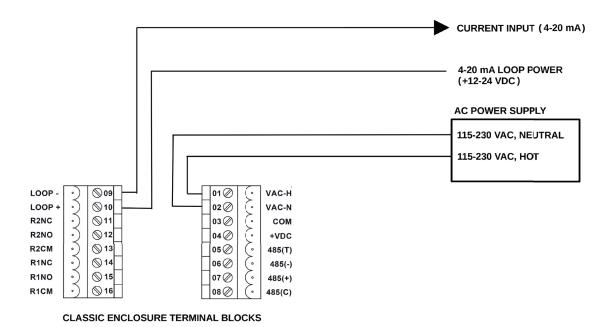


Figure 22 - AC Powered CLASSIC, 4-Wire External Loop Power (Current Sinking)



#### **TESTING THE INSTALLATION** VIII.

#### 1. Self-test Diagnostics

- The CLASSIC 800 continuously executes a self-test on its internal components and firmware. All diagnostics are controlled by the microprocessor and are independent of the operation of the switch/ transmitter and the process conditions.
- At initial power-on the CLASSIC 800 performs a complete self-test of all hardware and firmware. During this test all LEDs on the Thermal Signal display will flash for approximately 2 seconds.
- If a Fault is discovered during the self-test a Fault Code will be displayed and the relay will de-energize. (Fault Codes are explained in Section 7 "Troubleshooting").

#### 2. Power

- Turn on the power to the switch/transmitter and allow the sensor to heat up and stabilize (approximately 90 seconds).
- At the conclusion of the self-test, if there is no fault condition present, the Run Mode LED will begin flashing and a single LED (in the Thermal Signal Bar Graph) will appear on the display. As the heater element warms up, the switch/transmitter will respond to the process conditions and this LED indicator will move to the left.
- Relay 1 and/or Relay 2 LEDs may illuminate depending upon the Thermal Signal, relay set point(s) and the programmed Relay condition (set to energize ABOVE or BELOW set point).

#### 3. Manual Test

- Immerse the sensing tip in the actual process media by filling the pipe or vessel to the point at which the switch/transmitter will actuate, or alternatively, into a container of the process media.
- When the sensor is alternated between wet and dry conditions (in and out of the media), the illuminated Thermal Signal LEDs should move and the relay set point LED(s) should change state (ON/ OFF). The degree and speed of the movement of the Thermal Signal LED depends completely on how well the current setup of the CLASSIC 800 corresponds to the process conditions of the test.\*
  - Note: \*Because a complete setup may not have yet been performed allow at least 20 30 seconds for the sensor and relay to react when alternating between wet and dry conditions (in and out of the
- A complete explanation of setup procedures follows in Section 4 "Setup & Operation" and in the Quick Setup Guide for the CLASSIC 800.

## 3

## **Quick Setup Guide**

#### **Mechanical Installation**

NOTE: Observe the following safety guidelines before installing or removing your CLASSIC switch/transmitter:

- Use proper eye protection and any other safety equipment as required by your installation site.
- Check electrical power to ensure that all power has been disconnected and "locked out."
- Ensure the process tank or line pressures are "zero."
- Protect yourself against accidental release of steam, hot water, acids and other potentially hazardous media.

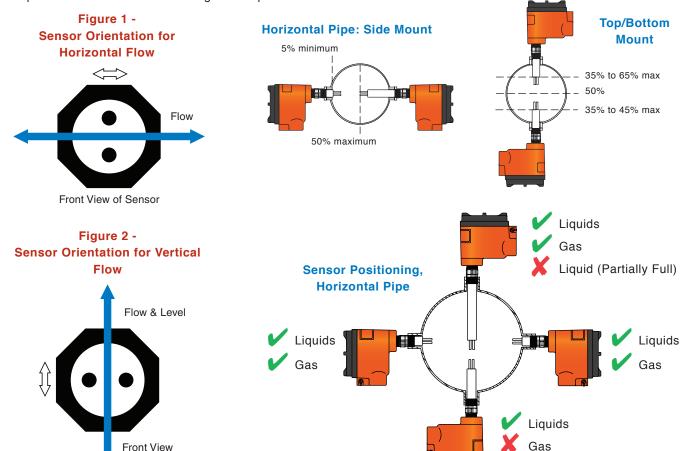
of Sensor

Follow all safety precautions as specified for your installation site and local codes.

- 1. Before installing your CLASSIC, coat the sensor threads with facility-approved lubricant or sealant to prevent threads from binding.
- **2.** Extra caution should be taken not to over-tighten the sensor threads while installing.
- 3. Install the CLASSIC, taking into account the orientation of the sensor as described below.
- 4. Keep in mind the need for easy access, safety of personnel and a suitable environment for the CLASSIC. In general, install the CLASSIC so as to minimize its exposure to vibration, shock, and extreme temperature fluctuations.

#### **Sensor Orientation**

The CLASSIC sensor is marked with the universal symbol . This surface should be flat up and level in a horizontal flow application only. Refer to **Figures 1** and **2** for flow and level applications; this surface of the hex should be parallel to the direction of change in the process.



Sediment

## **KAYDEN** | Quick Setup Guide

To configure or adjust the CLASSIC, perform the steps in the order indicated. STEP 1 - Perform changes to Heater Power on Setting 7, then adjust Scaling on Settings 10 & 11 STEP 2 - Push RUN and verify the Thermal Signal is within the unscaled or new scaled view. STEP 3 - Perform changes to Relay operation on settings 1 & 2 ● LED SOLID LED FLASHING STEP 4 - Perform changes to Set Points on settings 4 & 5



RELAY 1

Select the coil operation to energize lower or higher than setpoint.

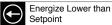
Select the coil operation to energize lower or

Factory Default: LOWER

Factory Default: 3.0 mA

higher than setpoint.

Factory Default: LOWER



Energize Higher than Setpoint





Energize Lower than Setpoint



Energize Higher than Setpoint



Press x 3

Press x 2

**FAULT** 

**RELAY 2** 

Select the fault action to be either Fail low at 3.0 mA or Fail high at 21 mA

3.0 mA Output Fault



21.0 mA Output Fault



Press x 4

Set Point 1

Select a Thermal Signal Set Point for Relay 1



Decrease Set Point



Factory Default: 25%



Increase Set Point



Press x 5

Set Point 2

Select a Thermal Signal Set Point for Relay 2

Factory Default: 75%



Decrease Set Point



Increase Set Point



BYPASS

Select an amount of time for the switch to return to RUN mode. Increments of 5 seconds.

Factory Default: 0 Seconds



Decrease Bypass Time



Increase Bypass Time





Select a Heater Power setting. This directly affects the sensitivity to flow.



Decrease Heater Power





Factory Default: 75%



Increase Heater Power





Select a Node Address for Modbus Comms. Software Rec is also identified on the left LEDs

Factory Default: 1



Decrease Node Address Increase Node

Address





Select the action of the 4-20 mA Output to



Forward Acting mA Output





either Reverse or Forward acting.

Factory Default: Forward



Reverse Acting mA Output



Select a zero percent thermal signal for the



Decrease LRV

Press x 10



LRV scaled view. Factory Default: 0%



Increase LRV

Press x 11



Select a one hundred thermal signal for the **URV Scaled View** 

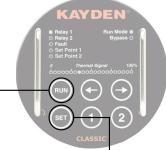


Decrease URV



Increase URV

#### How to Enter, Scroll & Exit the Configuration Menu



Press RUN to exit Setup and return to RUN MODE.

Note: If Bypass is turned on, the RUN MODE will not start until the selected time ends

Press SET to enter Configuration Mode. To access all 11 menu options, press SET repeatedly.

#### How to Perform Factory Reset



Press & Hold RUN + LEFT ARROW + RIGHT ARROW for 5 seconds to complete a FACTORY RESET

#### **Quick Check Buttons**

\*MUST BE IN **RUN MODE** 



- A Press & Hold RUN to view Software Rev & Modbus Node Address
- B Press & Hold I FFT ARROW to view I RV and URV
- C Press & Hold RIGHT ARROW to view Thermal Signal on Unscaled Bar Graph
- D Press & Hold 1 to view Set Point 1
- E Press & Hold 2 to view Set Point 2



**CLASSIC 800 Display Panel** 



**Mounting Base Plate / Terminal Assembly** 

Mounting Base Plate Wire Positions		
09 - <b>LOOP -</b>	01 - <b>VAC-H</b>	
10 - <b>LOOP +</b>	02 - <b>VAC-N</b>	
11 - <b>R2NC</b>	03 - <b>COM</b>	
12 - <b>R2NO</b>	04 - <b>+VDC</b>	
13 - <b>R2CM</b>	05 - <b>485-T</b>	
14 - <b>R1NC</b>	06 - <b>485-A (-)</b>	
15 - <b>R1NO</b>	07 - <b>485-B (+)</b>	
16 - <b>R1CM</b>	08 - <b>485-C</b>	

### **Display Panel Indicators:**

Relay 1	On steady when Relay 1 is energized
Relay 2	On steady when Relay 2 is energized
Fault	Indicates a self-test error or fault condition
Set Point 1	On steady when viewing Set Point 1
Set Point 2	On steady when viewing Set Point 2
<b>Run Mode</b>	Flashing when switch is operating
Bypass	Flashing when the Start-up Bypass Timer is active
hermal Signal	Displays Thermal Signal

### The Thermal Signal increases as:

Flow	The flow rate increases
Level	The sensor is submerged
Interface	The sensor is submerged by the second liquid of
	greater thermal conductivity

RUN MODE - Run Mode LED is 'Flashing'			
RUN	Press and hold to view the Software Revision and Node Address		
SET	Press and release to enter Set Mode (see table below)		
Left Arrow	Press and hold to view the LRV and URV on Unscaled Bar Graph		
Right Arrow	Press and hold to view Thermal Signal data on Unscaled Bar Graph		
1	Press and hold to view Set Point 1 on Bar Graph		
2	Press and hold to view Set Point 2 on Bar Graph		

SET MODE - Run Mode LED is 'Off'		
RUN	Press and release to exit <b>Set Mode</b> and return to <b>Run Mode</b>	
SET	Press and release to proceed to next step of Set Mode	
Left Arrow	Adjust selection as per <b>Set Mode</b> function	
Right Arrow	Adjust selection as per Set Mode function	
1	No function in Set Mode	
2	No function in Set Mode	

## CAUTION

Installation, connection and maintenance must be carried out by expert technicians who have read these operating instructions. These operating instructions include all-important information required for the installation and operation of this product. They supplement the full Product Manual, and the relevant national regulations with respect to the equipment as well as with the maintenance activities.

### POWER, AC/DC

Either AC or DC voltage can be used to power the CLASSIC:

- For AC power, connect the HOT line to VAC-H. the NEUTRAL to VAC-N and the GROUND wire to the green grounding screw, also indicated by the ground symbol.
- For DC Power, connect the positive voltage to +VDC and the common or negative to COM.

## **CAUTION**

Never power on the circuits in a potentially explosive area without first installing the enclosure cover.

Always lock the cover in place. This may be required by your local safety or electrical code.

#### **RELAY OUTPUTS**

The CLASSIC features two independent set points each with its own mechanical relay for output. The connections for the contacts of these relays are:

R1COM	Common or pole contact for Relay 1		
R1NC Normally closed contact for Relay 1 when the coil is not energized			
R1NO	Normally open contact for Relay 1 when the coil is not energized		
R2COM	Common or pole contact for Relay 2		
R2NC	Normally closed contact for Relay 2 when the coil is not energized		
R2NO	Normally open contact for Relay 2 when the coil is not energized		

**NOTE:** For fail-safe installations, the desirable relay state is usually energized and the circuit closed. Use the normally open contacts for fail-safe installations since they are closed when the relay is energized.

### **MAINTENANCE**

Your Kayden instrument requires very little maintenance as there are no moving parts.

Without detailed knowledge of the environment parameters of the application surroundings and process data media, we cannot make specific recommendations for periodic inspection, cleaning, or testing procedures. we do however suggest general guidelines for

**Helping the World Switch** 

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maintenance (see the CLASSIC Product Manual). Use operating experience to establish the frequency of each type of maintenance.

#### **CALIBRATION**

The CLASSIC does not require any calibration for use as a switch/transmitter. Once properly setup, the CLASSIC will be as stable and repeatable as the process in which it is installed. It may be necessary to check or repeat the setup procedure if the process changes dramatically over time.

#### **HEATER POWER**

The CLASSIC uses a constant power heater (2 Watt maximum), that can be set between 0 - 100% in 5% increments.

- Since the energy added by the heater is used in determining the Thermal Signal, altering the amount of heat changes the Thermal Signal.
- If the heater power is changed more than 5% (1) LED) this may require the 0% & 100% Thermal Signal to be similarly adjusted in order not to lose sensitivity and reaction time.
- The Factory Default Heater Power setting of 75% (1.5 watts) is suitable for most Flow applications with Hydro-carbons.
- RECOMMENDED HEATER POWER SETTINGS:
  - 30 60% heater power (7-13 LEDs) -Air or Gas (Flow) (depending on velocity)
  - 60 75% heater power (13-16 LEDs) -Oil or Hydrocarbon based liquids (Flow, Level & Interface)
  - 80 100% heater power (17-21 LEDs) -Water or non-viscous liquids (Flow, Level & Interface)

The faster the flow rate (velocity) the more heat required. In level applications the amount of heat, in part, determines the reaction time.

The CLASSIC 800 Series has a "Smart Heater" function (see the "Classic 800 Product Manual"). If a heater operates constantly in a no flow or dry condition, a "Thermal Offset" can occur. This means the heater may affect the reading from the reference RTD. The microprocessor will automatically reduce the heater power setting to a lower power rating when the probe is "dry" or in a "no-flow" condition. When the process media touches the sensors, or flow begins again, the original heater power setting is restored.



4

### **Setup & Operation**



Figure 1 - CLASSIC 800 Display Panel

### **Display Panel Indicators:**

Relay 1 On steady when Relay 1 is energized Relay 2 On steady when Relay 2 is energized **Fault** Indicates a self-test error or fault condition **Set Point 1** On steady when viewing Set Point 1 **Set Point 2** On steady when viewing Set Point 2 **Run Mode** Flashing when switch is operating **Bypass** Flashing when the Start-up Bypass Timer is active **Thermal Signal** Displays Thermal Signal

### The Thermal Signal increases as:

Flow The flow rate increases

Level The sensor is submerged

Interface The sensor is submerged by the second liquid of greater thermal conductivity

### **Display Panel Button Functions - RUN Mode and SET Mode.**

RUN MODE - Run Mode LED is 'Flashing'				
RUN	Press and hold to view the Software Revision and Node Address			
SET	Press and release to enter <b>Set Mode</b> (see table below)			
Left Arrow	Press and hold to view the LRV and URV on Unscaled Bar Graph			
Right Arrow	Press and hold to view Thermal Signal data on Unscaled Bar Graph			
1	Press and hold to view Set Point 1 on Scaled Bar Graph			
2	Press and hold to view Set Point 2 on Scaled Bar Graph			

SET MODE - Run Mode LED is 'Off'			
RUN	Press and release to exit Set Mode and return to Run Mode		
SET	Press and release to proceed to next step of Set Mode		
Left Arrow	Adjust selection as per Set Mode function		
Right Arrow	Adjust selection as per Set Mode function		
1	No function in Set Mode		
2	No function in Set Mode		



### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

### 1. Warm-up

At initial start-up or restart allow approximately 90 seconds for the heater element to warm-up and the switch/transmitter to stabilize before making any adjustments.

### 2. Diagnostics

As described in greater detail in Section 7 "Troubleshooting" an automatic diagnostic program runs continuously when power is connected. To prevent the possibility of intermittent failures the CLASSIC 800 will display a Fault condition in the event of improper electrical connection, loss of power and / or physical damage.

#### 3. Universal Power

The CLASSIC 800 will accept either 12-24 VDC or 115-230 VAC but must be wired accordingly.

The CLASSIC 800 may not be loop powered. At a minimum the unit typically requires 4 wires: 2 for power and 2 for one relay (see Figure 12 - CLASSIC 800 Wiring Connection Diagram).

Power consumption for the CLASSIC 800 is rated at a maximum of 6 VA (watts). The maximum rating is based on the assumption that both relays are energized, the heater is at maximum power and several LEDs are illuminated. An application involving the relay energized and the heater at 80% power consumes typically 300 mA or 4 VA.

#### 4. Electronics

The CLASSIC 800 Electronics Module is universal and may be installed for testing or operation in all CLASSIC 800 series switches/transmitters regardless of sensor configuration. Therefore, the Electronics Module may be considered a universal spare part and the most essential troubleshooting tool for all applications.

#### II. CONTROL SETTINGS and SETUP PROCEDURES

### **Quick Setup Guide**

This section contains detailed information supplementing the CLASSIC 800 "Quick Setup Guide" (Section 3). For convenience, the procedures are listed in the same order as the Configuration Flow Chart in the Quick Setup Guide.

### Quick Setup for Pump Flow / No Flow

For Kayden Flow / No Flow switch configuration: follow these steps:

- 1. Make sure switch is turned on with "Run" light flashing and wait a minute for probe to heat up and stabilize.
- 2. Turn pump "On then Off" to see the "No flow" and "Full flow" Thermal Signal values on the LED Bar Graph. Then adjust the LRV to the "No flow" value, and the URV to the "Full flow" value.
- 3. Now set the Set-point for the relay to approximately "the middle" of change "between No Flow to Full Flow change" indicated.

Note: For "Failsafe" operation. Relay should be energized during flow condition, with alarm wires connected to Normally Open & Common contacts.

Please contact Kayden Technical Support for any assistance for your application.

### **KAYDEN** | Setup & Operation

### 1. View or Adjust Relay 1 & 2 Energized Mode

The CLASSIC has two relays which can be independently configured to energize lower or higher than Set Point.

Both relays on the CLASSIC 800 have Normally Open and Normally Closed contacts. The terms 'Open' and 'Closed' refer to the de-energized state of the relays. Normally Open or Normally Closed operation for Relay 1/Relay 2 is determined by wiring the contacts accordingly (see Figures 15 [pg. 17] & 18 [pg. 20]).



- · RUN advances to Run Mode
- SET advances to next Setup step
- · Run Mode LED is Off in Setup Mode

Figure 23 - Relay Energized Mode

### To View or Adjust the Relay 1 & 2 Energized Modes

- Press SET until the Relay 1 LED is ON solid to set the Relay 1 Energized Mode, or until the Relay 2 LED is ON solid for the Relay 2 Energized Mode. The Run Mode LED will be OFF.
- 2. The Thermal Bar Graph will show the left 6 LEDs (0% to 25%) ON to indicate the energized mode is lower than set point, or the right 6 LEDs (75% to 100%) ON to indicate the energized mode is higher than set point.
- 3. To adjust the Mode, press and release the Left or Right Arrow keys.
- When satisfied with your configuration, press and release SET to continue to the next programmable variable OR press and release RUN to return to Run Mode.

### **Failsafe Relay Configurations**

The term "Fail-safe" refers to a method of wiring and programming control instrumentation commonly used in hazardous locations/applications.

- In a "Fail-safe" application the CLASSIC 800 switch/transmitter is wired and programmed so that the output relay is energized in normal process operating condition.
- Thus, in the event of a power failure, cable break, self-test failure, or other loss of electrical power, the contact is "opened", the relay is de-energized and an alarm will result.

### A common "Fail-safe" setup for NO FLOW CONDITION, PUMP PROTECTION:

- Connect the relay contact wires to Normally Open (R1NO, R1CM)
- Program the relay(s) to energize above set point.
- Depending on application and setup of the switch/transmitter, the relay contact(s) will OPEN (deenergize) when:
  - a. The Thermal Signal decreases due to a decrease or loss of flow/level.
  - b. Power is lost to the switch/transmitter as described above.

### **KAYDEN** | Setup & Operation

### 2. View or Adjust the 4-20 mA Fault Mode Configuration

The 4-20 mA output is used to monitor the analog data from the sensor, such as a self-test fault. The 4-20 mA output can be programmed for a value of 3.0 mA or 21 mA.

Refer to Section 7 "Troubleshooting" for a description of fault conditions. Note:

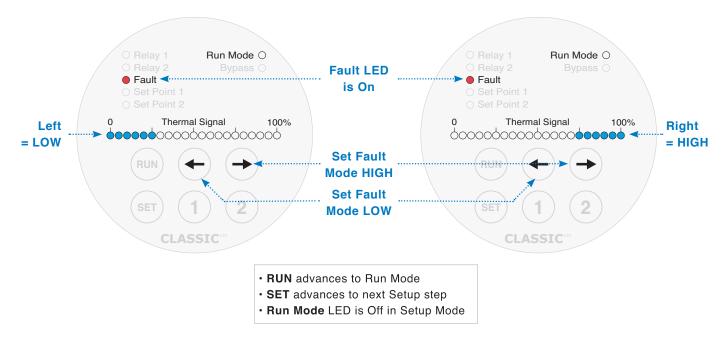


Figure 24 - 4-20 mA Fault Mode Configuration

### To View or Adjust the Fault Current

- 1. Press and release SET until the Fault LED is on solid; the Run Mode LED will be off.
- 2. The Thermal Signal Bar Graph shows the 4-20 Fault Mode. For 3.0 mA the 0-25% LED's are on solid; for 21 mA the 75-100% LED's are on solid.
- 3. To adjust the Mode, press and release the Left or Right Arrow keys.
- 4. When satisfied with your configuration, press and release SET to continue to the next programmable variable OR press and release RUN to return to Run Mode.

### 3. View or Adjust Set Points 1 & 2

Notes: 1. Viewing either Set Point 1 or 2 from the Display Panel does not require entering the Manual Setup Mode. While still in RUN Mode, press and hold 1 or 2 to view the programmed Set Point.

- 2. In this context "Set Point" refers to the point(s) within the user defined range at which **Relay 1** and **Relay 2** energize/de-energize.
- 3. Set Point 1 always corresponds to Relay 1 and Set Point 2 always corresponds to Relay 2.
- **4.** Relay energize/de-energize can be delayed by configuring relay delay timers. Refer to Modbus Registers and Kayden RCM Software use in **Section 6**.

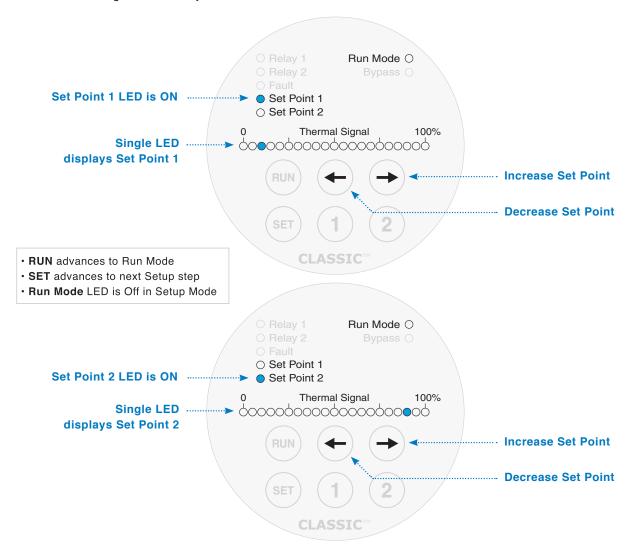


Figure 25 - Set Point 1 & 2 Configuration

### To View or Adjust the Set Points

- Press and release SET until the Set Point 1 or Set Point 2 LED is on solid and the Run Mode LED is off.
- One LED on the Thermal Signal Bar Graph will illuminate, corresponding to the present setting of the selected set point.
- 3. To adjust the selected **Set Point**, press and release the **Left** or **Right Arrow** keys.
- 4. When satisfied with your configuration, press and release SET to continue to the next programmable variable OR press and release RUN to return to Run Mode.



### 4. View or Adjust the Start-up Bypass Timer

The Start-up Bypass Timer can be used to energize both relays when the CLASSIC is initially powered ON, or when the SET button is pressed followed by the RUN button. This provides a means to automatically restart a pump that has been turned OFF by the CLASSIC, without the need for additional hardware.

Notes: 1. The Start-up Bypass Timer is commonly used to automatically re-start a pump after the specified (programmed) time delay.

- 2. During the Bypass Delay, both relays are energized regardless of their Mode or the value of the Thermal Signal.
- 3. When the Start-up Bypass Timer is in use, neither Setup Mode nor the Thermal Signal Bar Graph are available until the programmed delay time expires.

The Thermal Signal Bar Graph displays the delay (each LED right of the zero LED in Bypass Mode equals 5 seconds; therefore the maximum time in Bypass is 100 seconds). Instead of measuring from 0 to 100 percent the Thermal Signal Bar Graph shows the delay from 0 to 100 seconds.

If the Start-up Bypass Timer is set to zero then no Bypass Delay will occur. (The Factory Default setting is zero seconds.)

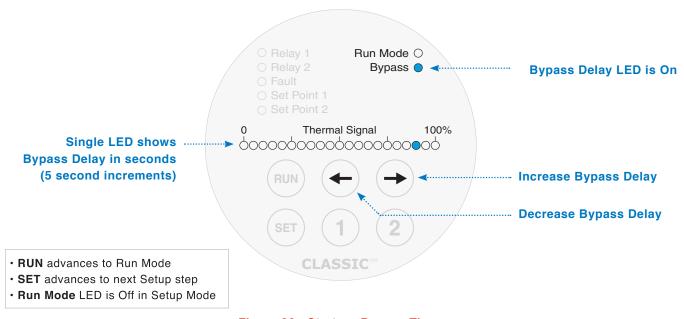


Figure 26 - Start-up Bypass Timer

#### To View or Adjust the Bypass Timer Settings

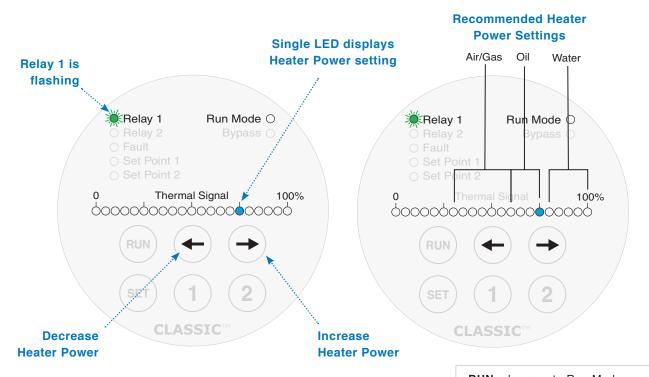
- Press and release SET until the Bypass LED is on solid and the Run Mode LED is off. 1.
- 2. One LED on the Thermal Signal Bar Graph will illuminate corresponding to the present setting of the Start-up Bypass Timer.
- 3. To adjust the Start-up Bypass Timer, press and release the Left or Right Arrow keys.
- 4. When satisfied with your configuration, press and release SET to continue to the next programmable variable OR press and release **RUN** to return to **Run Mode**.

### 5. View or Adjust the Heater Power

- The correct heater setting is determined primarily by the process media and secondarily by the velocity
  of the process. The heater setting is a key factor in determining the sensitivity and reaction time of the
  switch/transmitter.
- The CLASSIC 800's sensor heater produces 2 Watts at full power.
  - The "Smart Heater" function in the CLASSIC 800 Series continuously monitors the Thermal Signal.
    If the Thermal Signal falls to zero, the heater power is automatically reduced from the user
    setting to prevent the creation of a "Thermal Offset". The heater power will be restored to the
    user setting when the Thermal Signal increases.
  - The Factory Default setting of 75% is optimal (70 80% depending on velocity) for Hydrocarbon-based liquids and suitable for many applications. The CLASSIC 800 allows the Heater Power to be set between 0% and 100% in 5% steps.
  - RECOMMENDED HEATER POWER SETTINGS:
    - 30 60% heater power (7-13 LEDs) Air or Gas (Flow) (depending on velocity)
    - 60 75% heater power (13-16 LEDs) Oil or Hydrocarbon based liquids (Flow, Level & Interface)
    - 80 100% heater power (17-21 LEDs) Water or non-viscous liquids (Flow, Level & Interface)

The faster the flow rate (velocity) the more heat is required. In level applications the amount of heat, in part, determines the reaction time.

Note: The heater power is shown when using Kayden RCM software in the Graph view.



- $\bullet$  RUN advances to Run Mode
- SET advances to next Setup step
- · Run Mode LED is Off in Setup Mode

Figure 27 - Setting the Heater Power



### 6. View or Adjust the Node Address & View the Software Revision

The Software Revision and Node Address are displayed on the Thermal Signal Bar Graph as two binary bytes. The Software Revision is not adjustable but can be useful should telephone support be required.

### The Factory Default for the Node Address is 1 (one).

Adjusting the Node Address is only required if setting up a multi-point RS-485 network or adding the CLASSIC 800 to an existing RS-485 network.

The Software Revision and Node Address can also be viewed while in Run Mode by pressing and holding the RUN key.

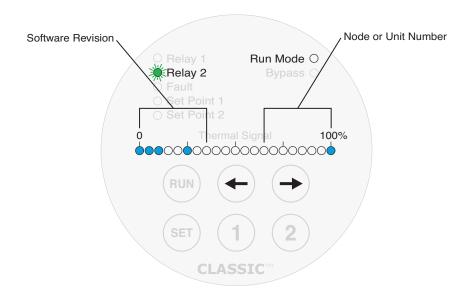


Figure 28 - Software Revision & Node (Unit) Number

### To View or Adjust the Node (Unit) Address

- Press and release SET until the Relay 2 LED is flashing AND the Run Mode LED is off. 1.
- 2. The Thermal Signal Bar Graph now displays the value of the Software Revision and the setting of the Node Address.
- 3. The Node Address is displayed in binary using the eight LED's on the righthand side of the Bar Graph. Refer to 3. Note Address in Section 5 Modbus to interpret the Node Address.
- 4. To adjust the Node Address, press and release the Left and Right Arrow keys.
- 5. When satisfied with your configuration, press and release SET to continue to the next programmable variable or press and release RUN to return to Run Mode.

### 7. View or Adjust the 4-20 mA Output Configuration (Forward or Reverse Acting)

The current output is an analog signal representing the Thermal Signal Bar Graph View. The action chosen only affects the 4-20 mA Analog Output, and does not affect the Thermal Signal Bar Graph.

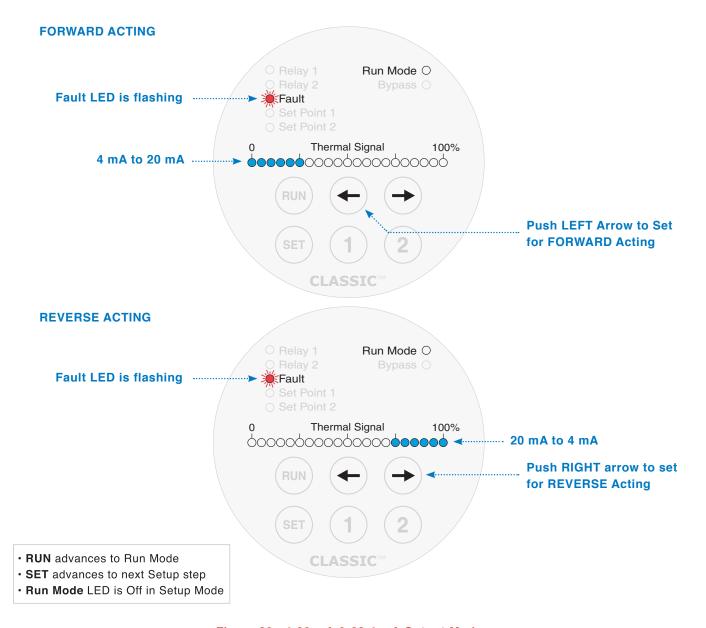


Figure 29 - 4-20 mA & 20-4 mA Output Mode

### To View or Adjust the 4-20 mA Output Current Mode

- Press and release SET until the Fault LED is flashing AND the Run Mode LED is off. 1.
- 2. The Thermal Signal Bar Graph shows the 4-20 Output Mode.

For 0% equal to 4 mA the 0-25% LED's are on solid.

For 100% equal to 4 mA the 75-100% LED's are on solid.

- 3. To adjust the Mode, press and release the Left or Right Arrow keys.
- 4. When satisfied with your configuration, press and release SET to continue to the next programmable variable OR press and release RUN to return to Run Mode.

### 8. View the Bar Graph Lower Range Value (0%) and Upper Range Value (100%)

The Unscaled Bar Graph is the maximum thermal signal range that the CLASSIC 800 can display.

For improved resolution, the Lower Range Value (LRV) and Upper Range Value (URV) can be adjusted in 5% incerments (the default value of LRV is 0% and URV is 100% as shown below in Figure 24).

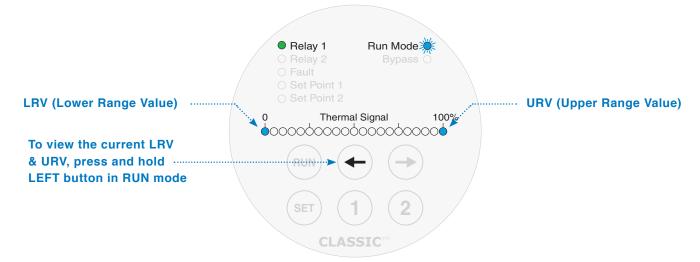


Figure 30 - Maximum Range of Lower Range Value (LRV) & Upper Range Value (URV)

Adjust the LRV and URV according to:

- Media type (oil, water or gas).
- · Best resolution to configure the Relay Set Points

To illustrate the effect of changing the LRV and URV, see Figure 25.

- Air/Gas 0 50%
  Oil 40 100%
  Water 50 100%
- LRV has been moved from 0% to 50%
- URV has been moved from 100% to 75%

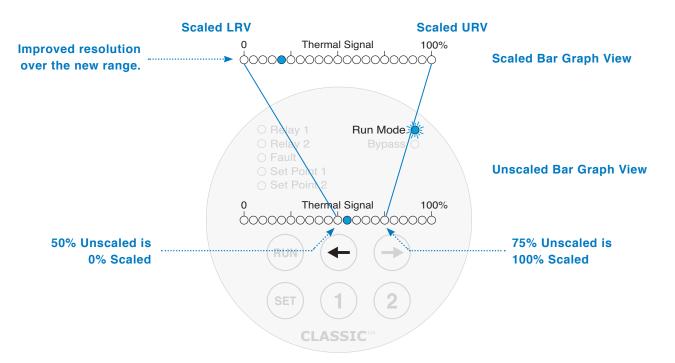


Figure 31 - Scaled Bar Graph View vs. Unscaled Bar Graph View

### 9. Adjust the Bar Graph Lower Range Value (0%) and Upper Range Value (100%)

- To set the LRV (0%), press and release SET until the Set Point 1 status LED is flashing. To set the URV (100%), press and release SET until the Set Point 2 status LED is flashing.
- 2. The Thermal Signal Bar Graph now shows the value of the LRV (or URV).
- To adjust the LRV or URV, press and release the Left or Right Arrow keys. 3.
- 4. When satisfied with your configuration, press and release SET to continue to the next Programmable Variable OR press and release RUN to return to Run Mode.

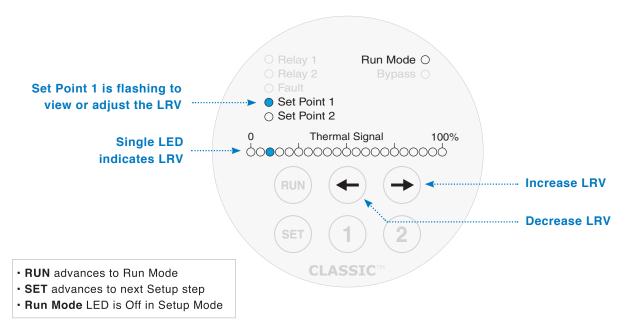


Figure 32 - Setting the Scaled Thermal Signal LRV

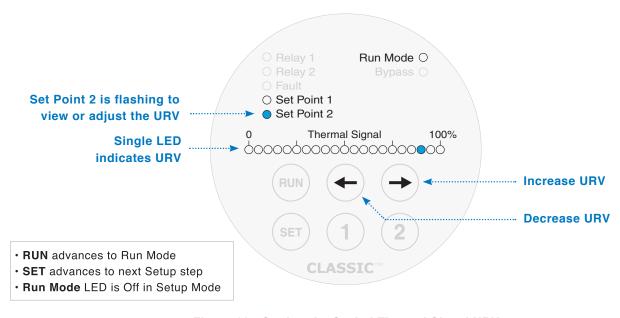


Figure 33 - Setting the Scaled Thermal Signal URV

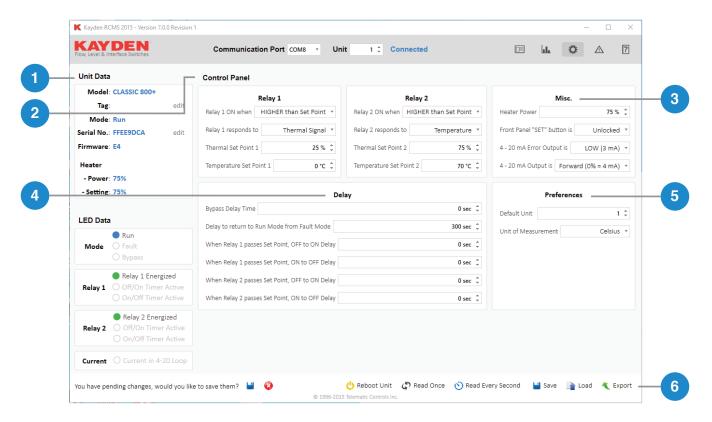


### Additional Setup Features Using Kayden RCM Software via Modbus RTU

Kayden RCM Software provides all the same features as the CLASSIC front panel UI, plus the additional features below:

- Configure Relays to Respond to Temperature
- Configure Temperature Alarm Value (in Fahrenheit or Celsius)
- Configure Relay Delay Timers
- Configure the Delay to Return Mode from Fault Mode timer
- Save a Tag character string in the CLASSIC for identification
- Lock the front panel user interface to prevent accidental or undesired access

After launching RCM Software, access the Unit Configuration view



### **Configuration View**

- Displays CLASSIC unit information and LED status.
- 2. Configure Relay 1 and 2 Actuation Level, Thermal Signal or Temperature Control, and Setpoints.
- Configure Heater Power, Lock Front Panel, Analog 4-20 mA Output Direction, and Analog 4-20 mA Error Condition.
- Configure relay delay timers. 4.
- Select Unit of Measurement to display (also default Modbus ID for connecting after launch). 5.
- Control buttons to Reboot Unit, Read Once, Read Every Second, Save Configuration. 6.

Notes: 1. To communicate with your Kayden CLASSIC 800, you will require an RS-485 adapter such as the Kayden SCA.

2. Additional copies or the latest revision of the RCM Software may be downloaded at our website, kayden.com, or call Kayden at +1 403 253 1423.



### **Kayden Setting & Configuration Log Sheet**

	Order, Model & Serial Number:	
Info	Process Media / Phase: (E.g. Water/Liquid, Propane/Gaseous)	
Ce	Fluid Velocity m/s (ft/s):	
Devi	Operating Temperature °C (°F): (Typical Process Temperature)	
	Install Date (dd/mm/yyyy):	

# **Configuration & Setting Information**

		М	ark an 'X' or state which LE	D(s) ar	e illuminated between 0-100	
		×		×		
	Relay 1 LED NON-FLASHING		First 6 LEDs Energize lower than set point		Last 6 LEDs Energize higher than set point	
	Relay 2 LED NON-FLASHING		First 6 LEDs Energize lower than set point		First 6 LEDs Energize lower than set point	
	Fault LED NON-FLASHING		<b>First LED</b> Fail Low at 3.0 Ma's		<b>Last LED</b> Fail Low at 21.0 Ma's	
	Set Point 1 LED NON-FLASHING		Set Point 1 Setting 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100			
Set Point 2  LED NON-FLASHING			<b>Set Point 2 Setting</b> 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100			
Device Info	Bypass LED NON-FLASHING		Bypass Time Amount. Each LED Represents 5 Seconds 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100			
Dev	Relay 1 FLASHING		Heater Power Percentage 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100			
	Relay 2 FLASHING		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		e Right (can be multiple LEDs) 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100	
	Fault FLASHING		First 6 LEDs Forward Acting		First 6 LEDs Reverse Acting	
	Set Point 1 FLASHING		<b>State which LED is illuminated</b> 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 10			
	Set Point 2 FLASHING		<b>State which LED is illuminated</b> 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100			

### **Record Fault Code**

	Mark an 'X' or state which LED(s) are illuminated between 0-100								
ode	LEDs on 1st Toggle  LEDs on 2nd Toggle			0, 5, 10, 15	<b>State which LED(s) is illuminated</b> 0, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100				
ault C				0, 5, 10, 15	<b>State whi</b> 5, 20, 25, 30, 35, 4	ch LED(s) is ill 0, 45, 50, 55, 60, 6		90, 95, 100	
T,	Front Display	Relay 1	Relay 2	Fault	Set Point 1	Set Point 2	Run Mode	Bypass	
	X, O or Blank								

5

### **Modbus RTU Interface**

### 1. Modbus History

Modbus is a serial communication protocol developed and published by Modicon in the late 1970's for use with its programmable logic controllers and has become the de facto standard for interconnected industrial electronic devices. Modbus is a client-server protocol; a Modbus client requests information from (or provides information to) a Modbus server. In a standard Modbus network, there is one client and up to 247 servers, each Modbus server has a unique Node Address.

The Modbus specification defines the general Modbus protocol and is available for free from The Modbus Organization (www.modbus.org). This chapter provides the specific implementation details of the Kayden CLASSIC.

### 2. Modbus Implementation

Physical Layer: RS-485 half duplex, 9600 baud, 8 bits, no parity, 1 stop bit

Data Link Layer: Modbus RTU

Node Address: 1 to 239 (Factory Default 1)

### 3. Node Address

The CLASSIC displays the Node Address on the Bar Graph when the RUN button is depressed when in Run Mode, or when the SET button is pressed to access the View or Adjust the Node Address configuration menu (refer to Section 3.3 Configuration Flow Chart and Section 4.6 Setup & Operation – View or Adjust Node Address...).

The Node Address is displayed on the eight right-most LEDs of the Bar Graph as an 8-bit binary number.

Modbus Node Address	Eight Right-Most Bar Graph LEDs (0 = Off, 1 = On)
1	0000001
2	0000010
3	00000011
4	00000100
5	00000101
-	-
239	11101111

**Table 1 - Modbus Address Binary Table** 

#### 4. Function Codes

The CLASSIC supports the following Function Codes.

**Table 2 - CLASSIC Modbus Function Codes** 

Code	Name
01	Read Coil Status
03	Read Holding Registers
06	Preset Single Register
16	Preset Multiple Registers



### 5. Coils

A value of "0" indicates "inactive" (i.e. relay not energized, mode or timer not active, or 4-20 mA analog loop open). The coil values are also available in a single holding register; 40528 "BCoils".

Table 3 - Coils

Coil Number	Address (Hex)	Coil Function
1	0000	Relay 1
2	0001	Relay 2
3	0002	Run Mode
4	0003	Fault Mode
5	0004	Bypass Mode
6	0005	Loop Status
7	0006	-
8	0007	-
9	0008	Relay 1 Timer
10	0009	Relay 2 Timer
11	000A	Relay 1 Timer
12	000B	Relay 2 Timer
13	000C	-
14	000D	-
15	000E	-
16	000F	-

### 6. Holding Registers

Holding registers 40001 to 40048 are common status and configuration information.

All Holding Registers can be written to, but exercise care to avoid undesirable or incorrect behavior. Never write to Registers 40513 to 40535, except for Register 40517 which can be used to cause the CLASSIC to restart.

When writing to the CLASSIC to change its configuration, finish by writing '00F5h' to Register 40517 to cause a restart. This will ensure the new configuration takes effect.

**Table 4 - Low Holding Registers (Configuration and Status)** 

Modbus Registers	Address (Hex)	Register Name	Description
40001	0000	PIDC	Product ID in high byte and Software revision in low byte
40002	0001	Node Address	Modbus server address. The upper byte must be 0.
40003-40004	0002-0003	ESN	Electronic Serial number formatted as a double word.
40005	0004	-	-
40006	0005	Bypass Delay	Number of 5 second delays from 0 to 20 (0 to 100 seconds)

### **KAYDEN** | Modbus RTU Interface

Modbus Registers	Address (Hex)	Register Name	Description
40007	0006	4-20 Error Mode	Loop current while in error mode, 00FFh = 21mA, 0000h = 3mA
40008	0007	E-Lock	Front Panel Lock, 00E5h = Locked
40009	8000	NPWR	Number of Power Ons
40010	0009	NWDT	Number of Watch Dog Resets
40011	000A	NBOD	Number of Brown Out Detects
40012	000B	NERR	Number of Self Test Errors
40013	000C	NCOM	Number of Communication Errors
40014	000D	NOVR	Number of Overflow Errors
40015	000E	NFRM	Number of Framing Errors
40016	000F	NCRC	Number of CRC Errors
40017- 40024	0010-0017	CTAG	Custom ASCII Tag, 16 characters, 8 words
40025	0018	-	-
40026	0019	Error Mode Recovery Timer	Defaults value is 012Ch (300 seconds)
40027	001A	Relay Energized Mode	Upper byte for Relay 1, Lower byte for Relay 2  00 = On Lower than set point, FF = On Higher than set point
40028	001B	-	-
40029	001C	4-20 Forward Reverse Mode	0000 = 4 to 20mA 00FF = 20 to 4mA
40030	001D	Relay Flow/ Temperature Mode	Upper byte for Relay 1, Lower for Relay 2 00 = Flow, FF = Temperature
40031	001E	Temperature Setpoint 1	16 bit word, temperature in degrees Celsius 16 bit 'inverted signed' value e.g. 8001 = 1, 8000 = 0, 7FFF = -1
40032	001F	Temperature Setpoint 1	16 bit word, temperature in degrees Celsius 16 bit 'inverted signed' value e.g. 8001 = 1, 8000 = 0, 7FFF = -1
40033	0020	Thermal (Flow) Setpoint 1	Thermal Alarm Set Point 1 in 5% steps 0 thru 20 decimal = 0% thru 100%
40034	0021	Thermal (Flow) Setpoint 2	Thermal Alarm Set Point 2 in 5% steps 0 thru 20 decimal = 0% thru 100%
40035	0022	-	-
40036	0023	-	Reserved
40037	0024	Delay Timer R1 OFF to ON	Delay in seconds from 0 to FEFF (65279) Values of FF00 (65280) and up equal infinity
40038	0025	Delay Timer R2 OFF to ON	Delay in seconds from 0 to FEFF (65279) Values of FF00 (65280) and up equal infinity
40039	0026	Range	N/A
40040	0027	Heater Power	Default Heater Power 0 thru 20 decimal = 0% thru 100%



Modbus Registers	Address (Hex)	Register Name	Description
40041	0028	LED URV	Scaled Thermal Signal URV, 0 thru 20 decimal (5% increments)
40042	0029	LED LRV	Scaled Thermal Signal LRV, 0 thru 20 decimal (5% increments)
40043	002A	-	-
40044	002B	Delay Timer R1 ON to OFF	Delay in seconds from 0 to FEFF (65279) Values of FF00 (65280) and up equal infinity
40045	002C	Delay Timer R2 ON to OFF	Delay in seconds from 0 to FEFF (65279) Values of FF00 (65280) and up equal infinity
40046	002D	-	-
40047	002E	-	-
40048	002F	-	-

### **Table 5 - High Holding Registers (Run-Time Variables)**

Modbus Registers	Address (Hex)	Register Name	Description
40513	0200	AD0	Thermal Delta, 16 bit unsigned word, Inverse of Thermal Signal Thermal Delta of zero (0000h) = 100% Thermal Signal Thermal Delta of 60,000 (EA60h) = 0% Thermal Signal
40514	0201	-	-
40515	0202	-	-
40516	0203	Current Heater Power	Heater Power, indexed in 5% steps. 0 thru 20 decimal = 0% thru 100%
40517	0204	Mode Writing 00F5 will cause the CLASSIC to restart.	0000 - Reset 0001 - LED Self Test 0002 - Soft Reset 0003 - Startup heater and ADC 0004 - Bypass timer active 0005 - Run Mode  00F0 - Diagnostic mode 00F1 - Self Test mode 00F2 - Manual mode 00F5 - Reboot 00FE - Stop mode, (Heater Error)
40518	0205	Actual Temperature	Actual Process Temperature from Reference RTD in degrees Celsius, 16 bit signed word

### **KAYDEN** | Modbus RTU Interface

Modbus Registers	Address (Hex)	Register Name	Description
40519	0206	-	Proprietary
40520	0207	-	Proprietary
40521	0208	-	Proprietary
40522	0209	-	Proprietary
40523	020A	-	Proprietary
40524	020B	-	Proprietary
40525	020C	-	Proprietary
40526	020D	-	Proprietary
40527	020E	-	Proprietary
40528	020F	BCoils	Output Coil status bits, as per 'Read Coil Status'
40533	0214	RTD1	Reference RTD
40534	0215	RTD2	Active RTD
40535	0216	Delta	Delta in ohms

6

### **Maintenance**

### I. GENERAL INFORMATION

With proper installation the CLASSIC 800 will require very little maintenance, as there are no moving parts subject to wear. Following a few simple guidelines will ensure years of dependable service.



- 1. Enclosure Cover (Lens Cover Shown)
- 2. Cover O-Ring
- 3. Retaining Ring (Lens Cover Only)
- 4. Electronics Module

- 5. Terminal Block Screws
- 6. Left Terminal Block (Green)
- 7. Right Terminal Block (Black)
- 8. Ground Screw

- 9. Sensor Connector
- 10. Cover Locking Screw
- 11. Enclosure
- 12. Sensor

Figure 34 - Kayden CLASSIC Exploded View

### 1. Cover

In accordance with CSA, FM and local codes, the cover must be properly installed at all times. The threads of the cover should be lightly coated with a lubricating compound to prevent seizing, freezing and corrosion. Spray lubricants are not recommended.

#### 2. Process and Conduit Connections

- In accordance with CSA, FM and local codes all power and communication wiring should be enclosed
  either in conduit or an approved jacketed cable. Ensure that the electrical connection made at the
  enclosure of the CLASSIC 800 meets all codes and requirements.
- As described in detail in Section 2 "Installation Guidelines", ensure that the sensor is installed with the proper orientation, to the proper depth, and coat threads with a thin layer of thread tape or sealant/ lubricant.
- Most Fault conditions and reported "failures" are actually caused by loose, broken or improper electrical
  connections. Ensure that the connections for the sensor, input power and relay output are correct and
  secure.



### 3. Sensing Elements

The alloy (Stainless Steel, Titanium, Hastelloy, etc.) sensors require no periodic maintenance, but any deposits or scaling should be removed from the sensor tip as necessary. Use the appropriate cleaning device or material relative to your process (example: cloth, brush, wire brush, steel wool, sandpaper, water, detergent, compatible solvents to the sensor material, etc.).

Notes: As described in detail in Section 2 "Installation Guidelines", proper physical installation of the sensor is critical to the operation of the switch/transmitter in terms of sensitivity and response time.

Because sediment will collect at the bottom of any vessel, and entrained gases will always collect at the top of any vessel, ensure sensing tip is inserted to a point where it will be constantly and fully exposed to the desired process media. Avoid locations where sediment may accumulate and eventually isolate the sensing tip from the process.

### 4. Electronics Module

- If it is necessary to remove the Electronics Module, appropriate ESD (electrostatic discharge) precautions must be observed, including handling the module after removal. Refer to Sub-section B "Remove the Electronics Module" on page 14.
- Store Electronics Modules in a clean and dry environment between -30°C and +60°C (-34.5°F and 140°F).

### 5. Adjustment & "Calibration"

The CLASSIC 800 is a digital flow, level, interface and temperature switch/transmitter and is built to require minimal maintenance and no calibration beyond proper installation and setup.

- The Kayden Electronics Modules are completely digital and have no moving parts or mechanical trim pots that could be effected by vibration or high unit cycles.
- The heater is a separate element from the sensors and is itself directly controlled by the microprocessor.

Therefore, once properly setup, the CLASSIC 800 will be as stable and repeatable as the process in which it is installed. For instance, should the application change from Flow to Level or the media change from Hydrocarbon to Water-based, or the Flow Rate increases or decreases significantly, it may be necessary to check and/or change the setup parameters (Range, Heater Power, Set Point).

### 6. Use Kayden RCM Software to Document Preventative Maintenance

One feature of the Kayden RCM Software\* is the Configuration function which automatically stores all setup information and displays it on the Configuration screen within the software whenever the CLASSIC 800 is connected to a PC. This information may be named, stored and emailed as a file to preserve all operation setup parameters.

During maintenance turnaround, RCM Software can be used to record and save the current configuration as a file.

The Kayden RCM Software is available upon request, at no charge on a USB Drive, when a new CLASSIC+ 800 is purchased. Additional copies may be downloaded at no charge from kayden.com. In addition to the software you will need a suitable RS-485 communication adapter and cable. These can be ordered online at kayden.com.

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### **Troubleshooting**

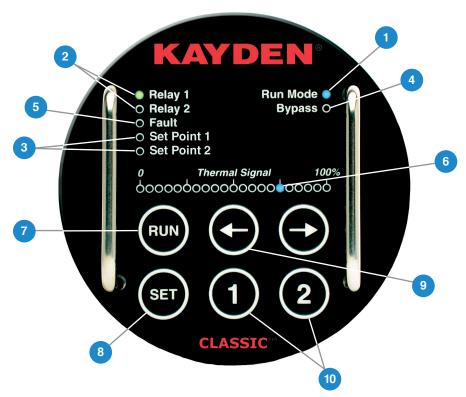


Figure 35 - Display Panel Indicators

- 1. Run Mode: Flashing LED indicates normal operation.
- 2. Relay 1, Relay 2: Solid LED indicates energized relay contact.
- 3. Set Point 1, Set Point 2: Solid when displaying the associated set point. (e.g. press and hold 1.) Blinking LED when a set point has been passed but relay response is delayed by an active timer
- 4. Bypass: Indicates that the Start-up Bypass Timer feature is currently enabled.
- **5. Fault**: Indicates that the switch/transmitter is in Fault Mode when solid or Fault Recovery Mode when blinking. (See Fault Recovery Timer.)
- **6. Thermal Signal Bar Graph**: Displays the Thermal Signal (rate of Thermal Dispersion by default) which represents the process condition (Flow, Level) as determined by the setup. Other values may be displayed depending on mode.
- 7. RUN: In RUN Mode pushing the RUN button changes the display from process condition to the Node Address and the Firmware revision. In Setup Mode pushing the RUN button returns the switch/transmitter to RUN Mode.
- 8. SET: Places the unit in Setup Mode unless locked by the Kayden RCM Software.
- **9. Left Arrow**: In Setup Mode the Left Arrow reduces (moves the value to the left or towards 0). In RUN Mode pushing and holding the Left Arrow button will display the Unscaled Bar Graph View.
- 10. 1, 2: Pushing and holding 1 or 2 will display Set Point 1 or Set Point 2 accordingly as programmed.
- 11. Pushing RUN+LEFT+RIGHT will reset the CLASSIC to factory settings. Refer to Configuration Flow Chart for Factory Default values.

Software Version / Modbus Node Address

### **KAYDEN** Troubleshooting

### 1. LED Fault Indicator

The CLASSIC 800 is designed so that any error condition will be immediately detected and displayed as a FAULT condition on the Display Panel.

- The diagnostic circuit continuously monitors the operation of the heater, sensor elements, connecting pathways and all aspects of the Electronics Module.
- When in FAULT MODE:
  - Both relays will de-energize and remain de-energized
  - The 4-20mA signal will output high or low
  - See LED Fault Code section, for a visual list of diagnostic faults displayed on bar graph
- The FAULT remains on, until the problem is corrected. Once fault is corrected, the fault light will turn off, but only after a 300 second time delay to ensure fault does not return intermittently. Time delay is adjustable through the Kayden RCM software.
- The 4-20 mA output can be programmed to revert to a value of either 3.0 mA or 21 mA to indicate FAULT mode. For more information see Section 2 "Installation Guidelines, View or Adjust the 4-20 mA Fault Mode Configuration".
- · All FAULT Codes are automatically recorded in the EVENT LOG. The EVENT LOG may be viewed in the Kayden RCM Software.
- If a sensor fault has been corrected (such as correcting faulty wiring), pressing SET and then RUN will cause the CLASSIC to resume Run mode immediately.

#### 2. LED Fault Codes

**Fault Code** 

In the event a FAULT occurs, the CLASSIC enters Fault Mode and the Fault LED on the Display Panel is turned on. In Fault Mode, the LED Bar Graph cycles every 7 seconds between showing the Fault Code, and showing the Software Version and Modbus Node Address.

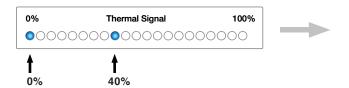
#### KAYDE KAYDE Run Mode O Run Mode O Relay 1 O Relay 1 Relay 2 Bypass O O Relay 2 Bypass O Fault Fault Set Point 1 Set Point 1 O Set Point 2 O Set Point 2 Thermal Signal 100% Thermal Signal 100% poooopooopooopooop •00•00000000<del>0</del> **Fault Cycle** Example (Cycles every 7 seconds)

Figure 36 - Fault Cycle Display Example

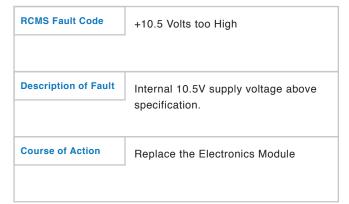
### **KAYDEN** Troubleshooting

### **Fault Code List**

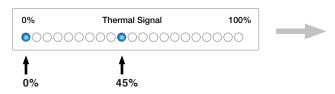
#### **Fault Code 1**

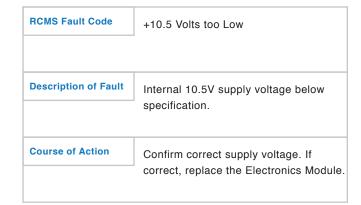


### **Description**

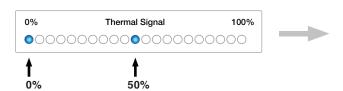


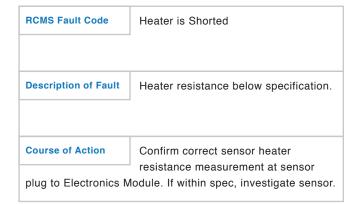
### Fault Code 2



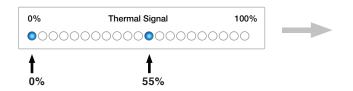


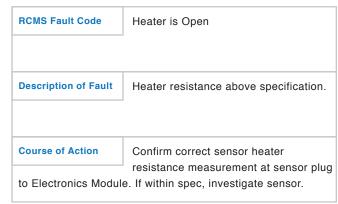
### **Fault Code 3**





### **Fault Code 4**

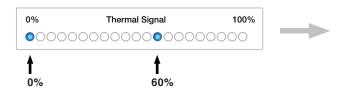




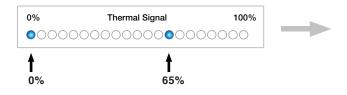


### **Fault Code List**

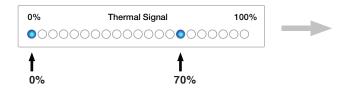
#### Fault Code 5



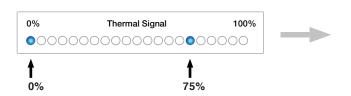
# Fault Code 6



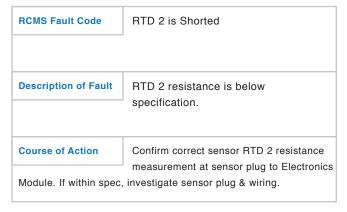
### Fault Code 7

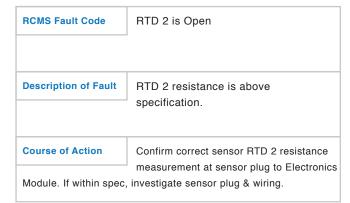


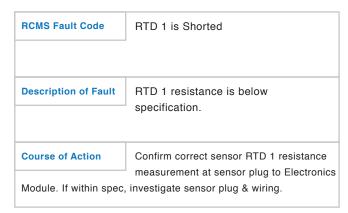
### **Fault Code 8**

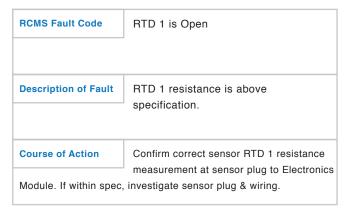


### Description





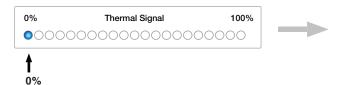




### **KAYDEN** Troubleshooting

### **Fault Code List**

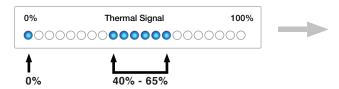
### Fault Code 9



### **Description**



### **Fault Code 10**



### RCMS Fault Code

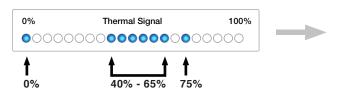
No Fault Code in Kayden RCMS

Description of Fault Product Identification Code does not match installed firmware.

Course of Action

Attempt FACTORY RESET. If operation not restored, replace the Electronics Module.

### **Fault Code 11**



### **RCMS Fault Code**

No Fault Code in Kayden RCMS

**Description of Fault** 

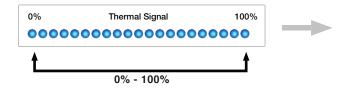
Security Checksum Error, Eeprom memory fault.

**Course of Action** 

Attempt FACTORY RESET. If operation is not restored replace Electronics Module.

Fault may occur as the result of power supply voltage below specified minimum (brown-out).

### Fault Code 12



#### **RCMS Fault Code**

No Fault Code in Kayden RCMS

**Description of Fault** 

Electronics Module Failure (special case with all bargraph LEDs illuminated).

**Course of Action** 

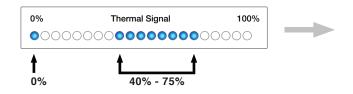
Attempt FACTORY RESET. If operation is not restored replace Electronics Module.

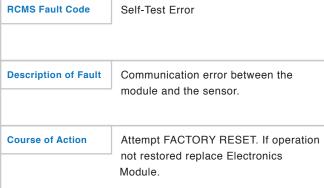
Fault may occur as the result of power supply voltage below specified minimum (brown-out).

### **KAYDEN** Troubleshooting

### **Fault Code List**

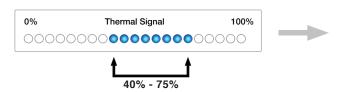
### **Fault Code 13**

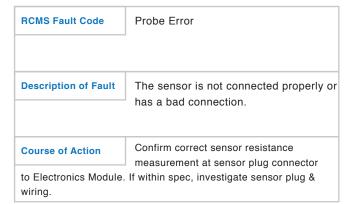




**Description** 

### Fault Code 14

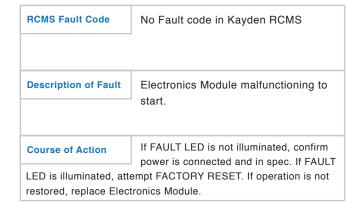




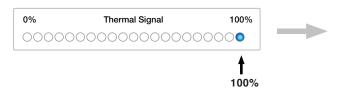
### **Fault Code 15**



No LEDs On



### **Fault Code 16**



Pescription of Fault Electronics Module power failure.

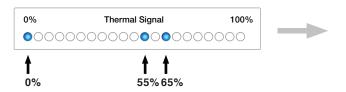
Course of Action Attempt FACTORY RESET. If operation is not restored replace Electronics Module.

Fault may occur as the result of power supply voltage below specified minimum (brown-out).

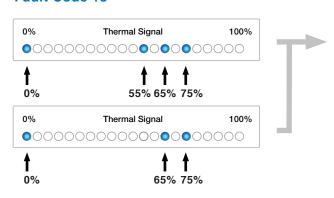
### **KAYDEN** | Troubleshooting

### **Fault Code List**

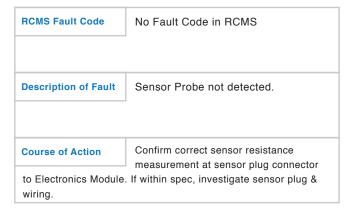
### Fault Code 17

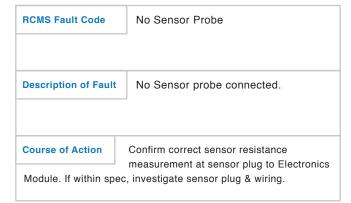


### **Fault Code 18**



### Description





### **KAYDEN** Troubleshooting

### 3. Fault Check List

A Fault is typically the result of:

- Faulty Electronics Module.
- Faulty sensor, or sensor connector.
- Faulty wiring of the CLASSIC terminal blocks.
- Faulty remote wiring (in the case of a remote electronics installation).
- Faulty external wiring.

#### If a Fault occurs:

- Check the power source and wiring terminations.
- Check for damaged or shorted wiring.
- Check the Electronics Module for correct insertion.
- Check the Sensor cable is correctly plugged into the Electronics Module.
- Check the Sensor has not been damaged.
- Check the Sensor resistances.

### 4. Restore Operation after a Fault

Options for clearing a Fault:

- 1. Press "SET" button once, then press "RUN" button once.
  - If the unit is in FAULT mode, but the fault has been addressed, to clear the remaining FAULT timer press SET followed by RUN. The unit will then be in RUN mode.
  - This should clear any short term faults, such as faulty wiring that is now corrected.
  - This does not affect the stored configuration settings.

### 2. Power Cycle the Unit.

- Power cycling the CLASSIC Module will reboot the microprocessor and clear the FAULT timer as long as no persistent faults are present.
- This does not affect the stored configuration settings.
- This should clear a fault condition due to intermittent power or spikes which caused the microprocessor to start up incorrectly.

### 3. Click the Re-boot button in RCM software.

- Clicking the reboot button in RCM Software is equivalent to performing a power cycle.
- This does not affect the stored configuration settings.

### 4. Perform a "Factory Reset".

- Performing a Factory Reset restores the configuration to the original factory settings.
- May restore operation if the CLASSIC configuration memory has been corrupted e.g. due to intermittent or faulty power.
- Warning: The current configuration will be lost.
- It is recommended you contact Kayden Technical Support before performing a Factory Reset.

### 5. How to Perform a Factory Reset

**Note**: You may wish to record the current configuration before performing a Factory Reset (see table Section 7). You may also save and restore the configuration using Kayden RCMS (see Section 6 RCMS).

To reset the CLASSIC to factory default settings press the following 3 buttons:

- LEFT ARROW + RIGHT ARROW + RUN simultaneously until all LEDs flash or run back and forth.
- A successful reset will be indicated by five consecutives flashes of all LEDs followed by a pause and two more flashes.
- Warning: All previous configuration changes will be lost and the unit will be returned to it's factory defaults.
- A Factory Rest should not be performed without first consulting Kayden Technical Support.
- Factory Default Settings are shown in the Configuration Flow Chart.

#### 6. How to Check the Sensor

- An Ohmmeter can be used to check that the RTD's and Heater resistances are within proper tolerances, and for any shorts.
- See Molex sensor plug diagram and wire chart (Fig. 29) for correct resistance between wires, at 20°C. If
  the sensor is still in the process at a different temperature, consult an IEC 60751 1000 Ohm Platinum RTD
  temperature resistance chart for the correct resistance value.
- If the sensor resistances are not correct, consult Kayden Technical Support for guidance.

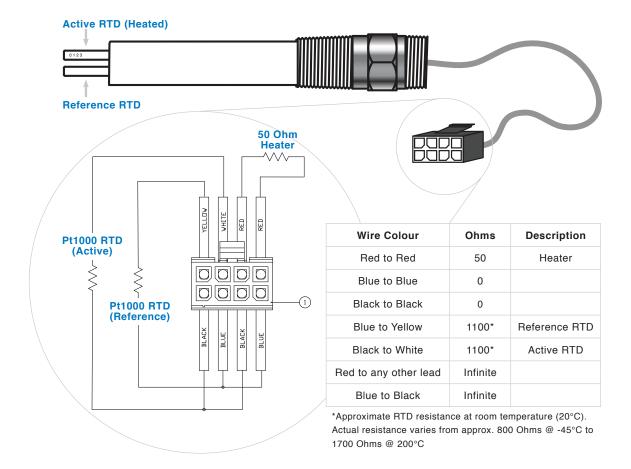


Figure 37 - Checking Sensor Resistances

### **KAYDEN** Troubleshooting

### 7. Return of Material

To expedite the return process, call Kayden in Canada at (403) 253-1423 or internationally at 011 403-253-1423 You will be asked for product model and serial numbers, and be provided an RMA (Return Material Authorization) number.

### 8. Hazardous Materials

Kayden does not accept the return of Products that are contaminated with any hazardous material. It is solely the Customers responsibility to ensure any and all items returned to Kayden have been thoroughly and completely decontaminated.

### 9. Service, Technical Support & Contact Information

Kayden provides full in-house technical support 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. MST (Mountain Standard Time), Monday through Friday (except holidays).

> Web kayden.com

E-mail info@kayden.com

Mail Kayden Instruments

3364-14th Avenue S.E.

Calgary, Alberta, Canada T2Z 3V6

Your Local Distributor To locate your local Distributor please visit kayden.com. 8

# Glossary

Active RTD	The active RTD detects and outputs a signal to the Electronics Module which is proportionate to the process media temperature plus the heat added by the heater.		
Analog Output	The CLASSIC provides a standard 4-20 mA current loop analog output. The output can be configured for Forward or Reverse operation (either rises as thermal signal increases or falls as thermal signal increases). The output value in the case of hardware failure (either Fault Mode, or offline during configuration) can be configured to 3 mA or 21 mA as per NAMUR NE 43.		
Brownout	Supply power voltage has descended below the specified minimum requirement and recovered without being considered a power failure (or a power cycle). Correct operation is not guaranteed.		
Bypass	Indicates the unit is in "Start-up Bypass Mode", which forces both relays to be energized for the duration of the Start-up Bypass Timer.		
Current	Refers to the presence or absence of current flow in the 4-20 mA current loop analog output. RCMS provides a loop "Current" indicator showing if there is current flowing in the loop, or if the loop circuit is broken (also available for reading via a Modbus register, refer to the CLASSIC Modbus specification for details).		
Cycle Power	The CLASSIC re-starts operation, the state (e.g. Fault State) is reset, the CLASSIC performs a self-test and enters RUN mode if no fault conditions are present.		
Delay	The CLASSIC includes a number of delay timers to fine-tune operation and relay actuation. These options are configurable using RCMS or by accessing Modbus registers (refer to the CLASSIC Modbus specification for details).		
	The Bypass Delay Timer sets an initial period to energize the relays before using the configured set points. Setting a bypass delay can be useful in applications such as a low flow alarm pump control when there is no process flow present when the CLASSIC starts up. Setting a Bypass Delay time allows the CLASSIC to start the pump and establish process flow before monitoring the process flow.		
	OFF to ON and ON to OFF Delay Timers allow fine-tuning of relay actuation for situations where there is process surge.		
Factory Re-Set	Restores default configuration (refer to Configuration Menu tree diagram for default configuration parameter values) and clears the Fault log. The CLASSIC re-starts operation as if power was cycled (see Cycle Power).		
Fault	Indicates a self-test error (call Technical Support for further information).		
Fault Log	The CLASSIC maintains a list of recent fault events. The fault events can be displayed using RCMS or by accessing Modbus registers (refer to the CLASSIC Modbus specification for details).		
Firmware	The internal software of a CLASSIC and is associated with a version identifier.		



Heater	The part of the sensing element that heats the active RTD.
Heater Power	The actual power used to heat the active RTD. The amount of power is configurable by the operator (see Heater Setting), also the heater power is automatically reduced by the SmartHeater algorithm when the thermal signal falls to 0%.
Heater Setting	The assigned power supplied to the heater in normal operations. The Kayden CLASSIC incorporates an "Intelligent Constant Power" or "SmartHeater" algorithm for heater control. The heater power is automatically adjusted by the CLASSIC firmware when the thermal signal is outside of the LED Range for faster response times.
Interface	The point where two different processes meet (as in oil & water).
LED	Light Emitting Diode
Local Enclosure	The enclosure attached to the sensing element. (Normally contains the Electronics Module).
Lock (Front Panel)	The CLASSIC Front Panel "SET" button can be locked to prevent accidentally taking the CLASSIC offline or mis-configuring. Locking and Unlocking can be performed using the Kayden RCM Software or by accessing the appropriate Modbus register (refer to the CLASSIC Modbus specification for details). Performing a Factory Reset will deactivate the lock via the front panel.
LRV	The LRV (Lower Range Value) is the lowest unscaled Thermal Signal that the (scaled) Bar Graph and 4-20 Analog Output will indicate.
Mode (of Operation)	A CLASSIC can be operating in one of four modes:
	Run - the normal operating condition, the Run Mode LED is blinking once per second.
	<b>Manual</b> - the CLASSIC is in manual configuration mode, activated by the SET button. The RUN LED is OFF, the CLASSIC is off-line and the relays are held in their current state. The status LED that is illuminated indicates the specific configuration state.
	<b>Fault</b> - the CLASSIC built-in-self-test has detected a fault. The Fault LED is illuminated (either blinking or on continuously), the Run Mode LED is off, the CLASSIC is offline and relays are deactivated. Refer to the error code displayed on the bar graph for troubleshooting.
	<b>Reset</b> - the CLASSIC is in the process of restarting (the Run Mode LED is off and the thermal bargraph LEDs rapidly sweep back and forth).
Model	The model name of a CLASSIC Series device (e.g. "CLASSIC 800+").
Mounting Base Plate	Connection for CLASSIC 800 series Electronics Module and Terminal Wiring Assembly.
Process Temperature	The Process Temperature is the temperature of the Reference RTD in the CLASSIC sensor. The CLASSIC can be configured to use temperature setpoints instead of thermal signal setpoints to control relay actuation (relays are individually configurable).
Push "Set" then "Run" buttons	Workaround to immediately enter RUN mode from FAULT mode without waiting for a return to Run Mode from Fault Mode once the delay timer has expired. If a fault condition exists, the CLASSIC will immediately re-enter FAULT mode.



Reference RTD	The Reference RTD detects and outputs a signal to the Electronics Module which proportionate to the process media temperature.		
Relay 1	Front panel LED indicating when the Relay 1 coil is energized.		
Relay 2	Front panel LED indicating when the Relay 2 coil is energized.		
Reboot	"Rebooting" is a computer term to mean restarting the computer. In RCMS, the Reboot button causes the CLASSIC to re-start operation as if power was cycled (see Cycle Power, and refer to Section 6 RCMS for RCMS operation).		
Remote Enclosure	Enclosure for the Electronics Module. Used when the Electronics Module must be located away from the sensing element due to heat, vibration, lack of visibility, etc.		
RCM, RCMS	Kayden Remote Control & Monitoring Software provides a graphical computer interface for the CLASSIC series.		
RTD	Resistance Temperature Detector; a sensor whose resistance varies with temperature changes.		
Run Mode	Indicates normal operation when flashing.		
Serial Number	A unique factory assigned number to each CLASSIC.		
Set Point 1	The Thermal Signal or Temperature value which determines the actuation of Relay 1.		
	To view the value of Set Point 1, press and hold the "1" button while in Run mode, or press the SET button sufficient times to View or Adjust Set Point 1 (the Set Point 1 LED will be ON).		
Set Point 2	The Thermal Signal or Temperature value which determines the actuation of Relay 2.		
	To view the value of Set Point 2, press and hold the "2" button while in Run mode, or press the SET button sufficient times to View or Adjust Set Point 2 (the Set Point 2 LED will be ON).		
Smart Heater	The "Smart Heater" reduces the heater power from from the user setting when the Thermal Signal falls to zero to prevent a "Thermal Offset". The original heater power is restored when the Thermal Signal increases.		
Thermal Offset	Thermal offset is the difference in temperature between the Active RTD and the Reference RTD due to thermal convection.		
Thermal Signal	The amount of thermal energy from the Active RTD dissipated by the process, calculated as the temperature difference between the Active and Reference RTDs and expressed as a percentage.		
Thermal Signal - Unscaled	The maximum displayable thermal signal range with LRV = 0% and URV = 100%. Pressing the Right Arrow on the CLASSIC front panel will show the unscaled thermal signal when in RUN mode.		



Thermal Signal - Scaled	The thermal signal scaled according to the user configured LRV and URV.
Unit Data	Refers to CLASSIC Model, Tag, Serial Number and Firmware version. Also the Unit Data group in Kayden RCMS.
URV	The URV (Upper Range Value) is the highest unscaled Thermal Signal that the (scaled) Bar Graph and 4-20 Analog Output will indicate.

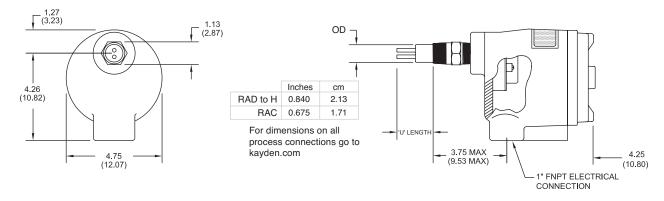


# **Outline Dimensional Drawings**

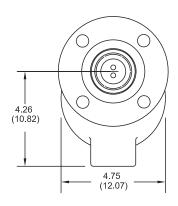
# **CLASSIC® 810 & 812**

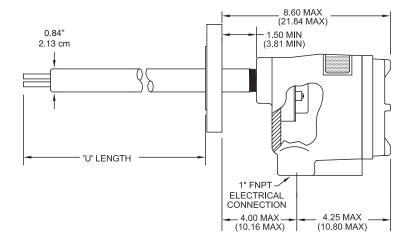
Inches (cm)

# **CLASSIC® 810 Threaded**



# CLASSIC® 812 Flanged



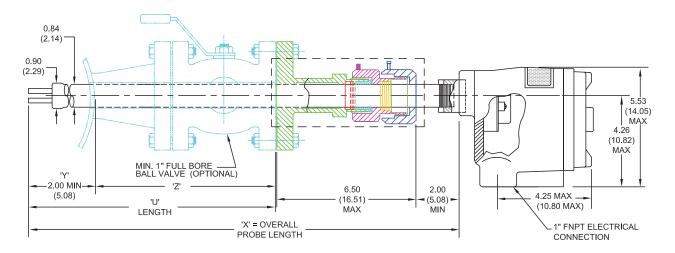




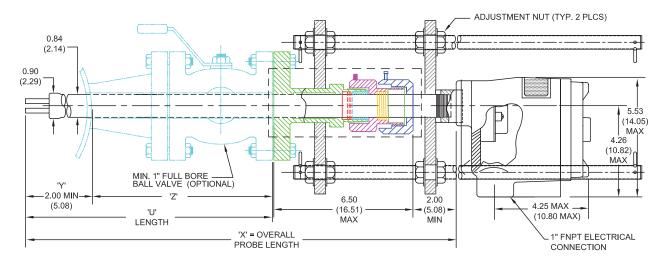
# CLASSIC® 814

Inches (cm)

# CLASSIC® 814 Retractable Packing Gland Flanged - to 50 psi



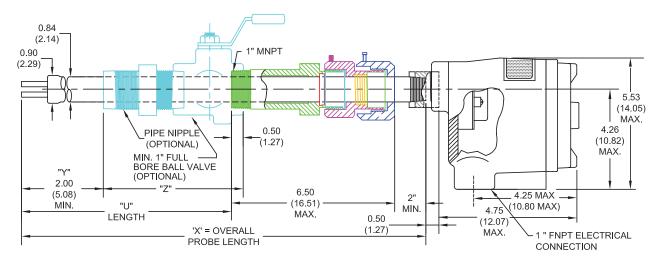
# CLASSIC® 814 Retractable Packing Gland Threaded -1" MNPT - c/w Retaining Chain - to 125 psi



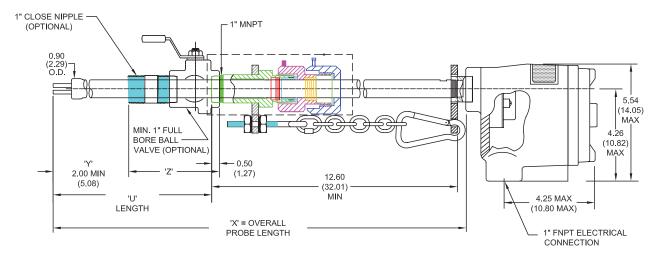
### CLASSIC® 816

Inches (cm)

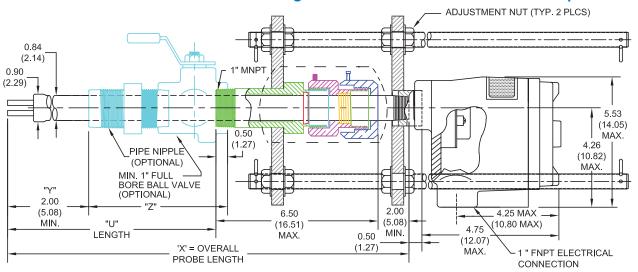
# CLASSIC® 816 Retractable Packing Gland Threaded - 1" MNPT - to 50 psi



# CLASSIC® 816 Retractable Packing Gland Threaded -1" MNPT - c/w Retaining Chain - to 125 psi



# CLASSIC® 816 Retractable Packing Gland Threaded - 1" MNPT - to 500 psi

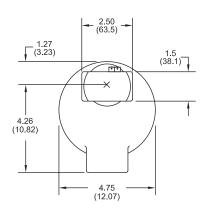


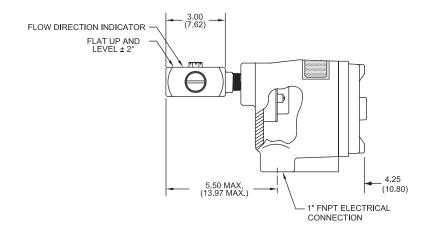


# **CLASSIC® 830 & 832**

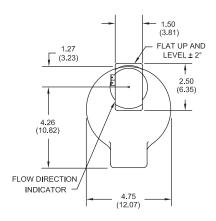
Inches (cm)

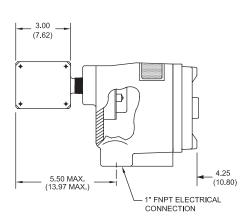
# **CLASSIC® 830 InLine Threaded (Horizontal)**



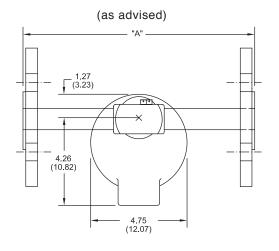


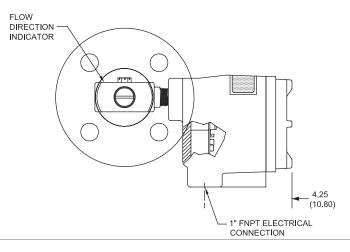
# CLASSIC® 830 InLine Threaded (Vertical)





# **CLASSIC® 832 InLine Flanged (Horizontal)**

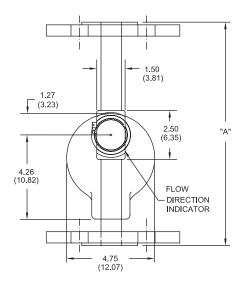


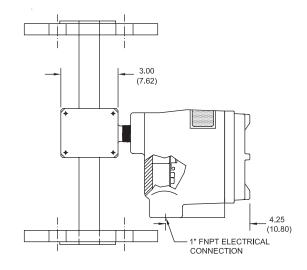


# CLASSIC® 832

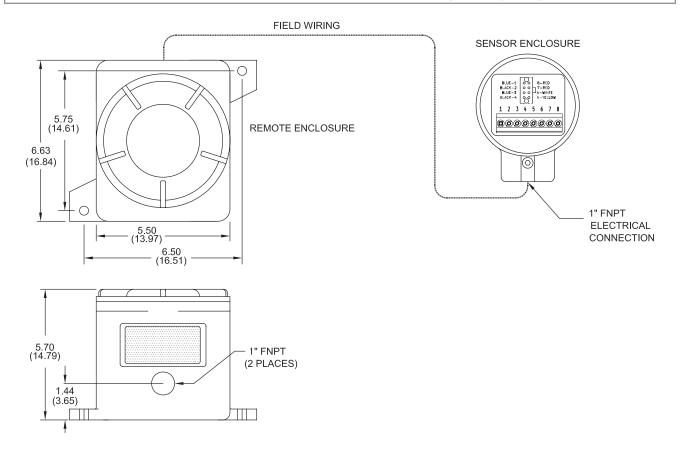
Inches (cm)

# CLASSIC® 832 InLine Flanged (Vertical)



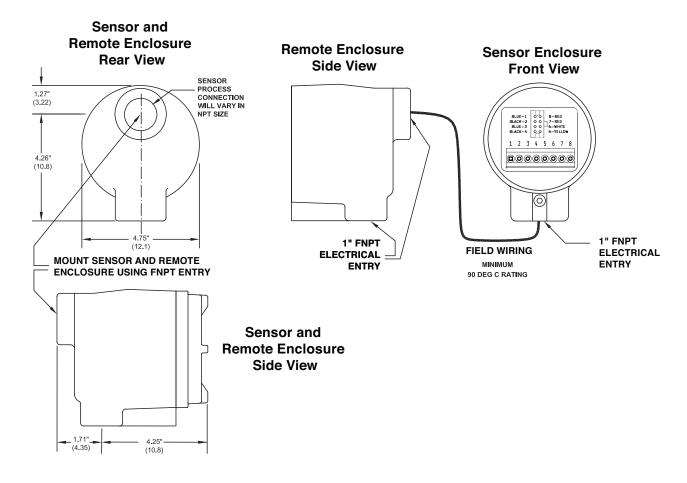


# Remote Electronics Enclosure - Flameproof (CSA)



Note: Suitable for one (1) Electronics Module.

# **Remote Electronics Enclosure - Flameproof (FM)**



Note: Suitable for one (1) Electronics Module.

Note: For detailed drawings of all products visit kayden.com

B

# **Model Number Legends**

To configure a Kayden CLASSIC please refer to kayden.com or your Kayden catalog. We have provided the following legends for configuring products. We have also provided Product Configurators on kayden.com for added ease of use.

Model Number Legends are available for the following CLASSIC 800 Flameproof Models



### **CLASSIC 810 Threaded**

Insertion Style - 1/2", 3/4", 1", 1-1/4", 1-1/2" & 2" MNPT



### **CLASSIC 812 Flanged**

Insertion Style - 1" ANSI 150 through 10" ANSI 900 Flanges



### **CLASSIC 814 Flanged Retractable Packing Gland**

Insertion Style - 1-1/2" through 10" ANSI 150 Flanges



# **CLASSIC 816 Threaded Retractable Packing Gland**

Insertion Style - 1" MNPT



#### **CLASSIC 830 Threaded**

• InLine Style - 3/4" FNPT



### **CLASSIC 832 Flanged**

• InLine Style - 3/4" ANSI 150 through 10" ANSI 900 Flanges



810	CODE	Senso	r Type	,								
	R			- )0°C (-5)	8°F to	+392°F	) Conti	ทมกมร ร	Service			(a. 1111)
				or Mate		1332 1	Conti	114045	, ci vicc			
		A		16L Sta		Steel						
		X	· '	um Gr. 2								
		т	Haste	lloy C-2	76							
				Proce		nectio	n - MN	PT				Flow, Level, Interface & Temperature
			С	1/2"								Switch & Transmitter
			D	3/4"								
			E	1"								
			F	1-1/4"								
			G	1-1/2"								
			н	2"								
				CODE	Inser	tion 'U	' Lengt	ths				
				0012	1.2"	(3.0	cm)					
				0020	2"	(5.0	cm)					
				0030	3"	(7.5	cm)		Custoi	m 'U' Le	naths:	
				0040	4"	(10.	1 cm)				_	- 305 cm)
				0060	6"	(15.2	2 cm)					O cm) increments.
				0090		(23 (	-					,
		•		0120		(30 (						
				0180		(46 (	-					
									digits pr	eceded	by an	'I' (i.e. 3.5" 'U' = I0035) (Use 'M' for cm)
						Input			220.1/4	C		
					C		onics	nd 115-	230 VA	C, 50 to	) 60 HZ	
								or Conti	rolled w	ith Hea	r Intorf	200
												via RS-485. 4-20 mA current loop.
								Local	-		oubus	va to 100. I 20 iiin carrent loop.
							1		proof -		um	
												inclosure
								В	Blind	Cover -	Flamer	proof
								G	Glass	Lens Co	ver - F	lameproof
									CODE	Remo	te Elec	ctronics Enclosure & Cover
									0A	Not Re	equired	
									1B	Blind	Cover -	Flameproof
									1G	Glass	Lens C	over - Flameproof
										CODE	Agen	cy Approvals
										1	<sub>c</sub> CSA <sub>us</sub>	(UL Standards)
										3	<sub>c</sub> CSA <sub>us</sub>	(UL Standards) & CRN
										9	FM	
				•							CODE	Language
											E	English
810	R	A	D	0020	С		1	G	0A	9	E	

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Model Number Legend DOC#: ML-810-005

ML-810-005-[001] This is a Controlled Document and cannot be changed without the Approval of the Quality Control Manager.



812	CODE	Sons	or Typ																		
012	R				_500E f	-v +30	2°F) C	ontinu	oue Se	rvico				and the							
		CODE		or Ma		.0 +39	2°F) C	ontinu	ous se	rivice									==		
		A				c Ctoo															
•		X		ium Gi	tainles	s Stee	1														
•																					
•		T .		elloy C			<b>.</b> :	<b>-</b>	- T	_											
•			Process connection - Flange Type										Flo	Flow, Level, Interface & Temperature Switch & Transmitter							
•			A Raised Face B RTJ - Ring Type Joint											SWILCI	1 00 110	31151111	itei				
·		CODE	B					CODE	ANGT	CODE	ANGT	CODE	ANGT	CODE	ANGT	CODE	ANGT	CODE	ANGT		
•		CODE	1"		ANSI 1-1/2"	CODE	2"	CODE	3"	CODE	4"	CODE	5"	CODE	6"	CODE	8"	CODE	10"		
		121				1.41		151		161		171		101		101		201			
			150	131	150	141	150	151	150	161	150	171	150	181	150	191	-		-		
•		122 123	300 600	132 133	300	142 143	300	152 153	300	162 163	300	172 173	300	182 183	-	192 193	-	202	-		
		123	900	134	600 900	143	600 900	153	900	164	600 900	173	-	183	-	193	-	203	-		
•		124	900	134			ange M			104	900	1/4	_	104	_	194	_	204	-		
					COE		6/316L			ool	X T	itaniun	n Cr 2								
					Т		stelloy			.eei	^	itailiui	II GI. Z								
•		•		•	•					Langel	aa 2 E"	120	1 (6 1 4	-m 20	IF cm)	in 1/7!	' (1 O .	am) inc	rements.		
•		•		•									•		•	•	•	•	rements.		
•		•				188		18tom M' = ci		ngths: I	Jse 4 d	ligits pi	receae	а ву аг	1 1 (1.6	e. 3.5	0 = 1	10035)			
•		•		•					-	Dawar											
•		•							-	<b>Power</b> VDC an		220 1/4	C E0 4	to 60 H	-						
									lectro		u 115	230 VA	ic, 30 i	10 00 1	ıZ						
										ocesso	r Contr	ollod w	uith He	or Into	rfaco						
																C_105	4-20 m	οΛ curr	ent loop.		
								. L'		CODE				. Modbi	is via i	.5-405.	4-20 II	IA CUIT	inc loop.		
										1		proof -		num							
											CODE			Local	Enclo	SIIFA					
											В			- Flame		Juic					
											G			Cover -	-	proof					
												CODE		ote Ele		•	closur	e & Co	ver		
												0A		Require							
												1B		Cover		neproof	:				
												1G									
											Glass Lens Cover - Flameproof  CODE Agency Approvals										
										1 CSA <sub>IIS</sub> (UL Standards)											
													3			Standar		CRN			
													9	FM	ıs ( J E C		,	- · · · ·			
														CODE	Lanc	guage					
														E	Engli						
812	R	Α	Α	131	L A	TOC	035	С		1	G	0A			5						
012	Α.	A	A	131	A	100	,33	_		•	d	VA									

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Model Number Legend DOC#: ML-812-005

ML-812-005-[001]

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# **KAYDEN** CLASSIC® 814 Flanged Retractable Packing Gland

814	CODE	Senso	or Type	•																			
	R	-55°C	to +16	0°C [-	58°F to	+320	°F]) Cont	inuous	Service						9		1						
		CODE	Senso	or Mat	erial							,	1 top 11111					1=					
		Α	316/3	16L St	ainless	Steel																	
		X	Titaniı	um Gr.	2							· '		8									
		Т	Hastel	loy C-	276																		
			CODE	Proc	ess Co	nnecti	on - Flai	nge Ty	ре			Flow, Level, Interface & Temperature											
			Α	Raise	d Face							Switch & Transmitter											
			В	RTJ -	RTJ - Ring Type Joint																		
				CODE	ANSI	CODE	ANSI CO	SI CODE ANSI CODE ANSI CODE ANSI CODE ANSI															
		•			1-1/2"		2"	3	3"	4"		5"		6"		8"		10"					
				131	150	141	150 <b>1</b>	<b>51</b> 1	50 <b>16</b>	<b>1</b> 150	171	150	181	150	191	150	201	150					
					CODE	Flar	ge Mate	rial															
					Α	316,	/316L Sta	inless	Steel	<b>X</b> Tita	anium (	Gr. 2											
					т	Hast	elloy C-2	76															
						COD	E Retra	ction /	Assemb	ly													
						т	Low P	ressure	e; 316/3	16L Sta	inless s	Steel (M	IWP 50	psi)									
						J	Low P	ressure	e c/w Re	taining	Chain;	316/31	6L Sta	inless S	Steel (N	1WP 12	25 psi)						
						x	Mediu	m Pres	sure; 31	6/316L	Stainle	ess Stee	el (MWF	275 p	si)								
							Medium Pressure; 316/316L Stainless Steel (MWP 275 psi)  CODE Insertion 'U' Lengths 2.5" - 120" (6.4 cm - 305 cm) in 1/2" (1.0 cm) increments.																
							IXXXX	Custo	m 'U' Le	ngths:	Use 4	digits pr	ecedeo	d by an	`I' (i.e	. 3.5"	`U' = I	0035)					
								(`M' =						•	•			•					
								CODE	Input	Power													
								С	-			230 VA	C, 50 t	o 60 Hz	<u>z</u>								
									Electi	onics													
									Microp	rocesso	or Cont	rolled w	ith Use	er Inter	face. 1	wo SPI	DT fully	, sealed					
									relay	contacts	s. Modb	us via l	RS-485	. 4-20	mA cu	rrent lo	oop.						
										CODE	Local	Enclos	ure										
										1	Flame	proof -	Alumin	num									
											CODE	Cove	r - For	Local	Enclos	sure /							
													Sen	sor En	closu	·e							
											В	Blind	Cover -	- Flame	proof								
											G			over -		roof							
												CODE		ote Ele									
														sure 8									
												0A	Not R	equired	1								
											1B Blind Cover - Flameproof												
									1G Glass Lens Cover - Flameproof														
													CODE				•						
													1			Standar							
													9	FM	15 ( 3 = 0								
														CODE	Lan	guage							
														E	Engl								
Q1 <i>A</i>	R	^	Α	121	Α	Т	10035	С		1	G	0A	9	E	9								
814	ĸ	Α	Α	131	A		10035	C		1	<u> </u>	UA	9										

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Model Number Legend DOC#: ML-814-005

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<sup>\*</sup>Sensor only. The Packing Gland Assembly is available as standard in 316/316L Stainless Steel. For exotic alloys contact Kayden.

# **KAYDEN** CLASSIC® 816 Threaded Retractable Packing Gland

816	CODE	Senso	or Type															
	R	-55°C	to +16	0°C [-5	58°F to	+320°F	]) Cont	inuous	Service	<u>.</u>			_					
		CODE	Senso	or Mate	erial													
		Α	316/3	16L Sta	ainless S	iteel												
		X	Titaniı	ım Gr.	2													
		Т	Hastel	loy C-2	276													
			CODE	Proce	ess Con	nectio	n - MN	PT				Flo	w, Level, Interface & Temperature					
			E	1"								Switch & Transmitter						
				CODE	Inser	tion 'U	' Leng	ths										
				Т	Low Pi	ressure	; 316/3	316L Sta	inless :	Steel (M	IWP 50	psi)						
				J	Low Pi	ressure	c/w Re	etaining	Chain;	316/31	6L Stai	nless S	Steel (MWP 125 psi)					
				X	Mediu	m Pres	sure; 3	16/316L	Stainle	ess Stee	el (MWP	500 p	si)					
					CODE	Inser	tion 'U	' Lengt	hs									
					0060	6"	(15.	2 cm)										
		•			0120	12"	(30	cm)										
					0180	18"	(46 cm) Custom 'U' Lengths:											
					0240	24"	(60	cm)	2.5" - 120" (6.0 cm - 305 cm)									
					0360	36"	(91	-		Availa	ble in 1	/2" (1	.0 cm) increments.					
					0480	48"	-	. cm)										
					0600		-	2 cm)										
		•						_		digits pr	eceded	by an	'I' (i.e. 3.5" 'U' = I0035) (Use 'M' for cm)					
		•						t Power										
		•				С		VDC ar	nd 115-	-230 VA	C, 50 to	60 H	Z					
		•						ronics			: 4 la 11 a a	. T	fa					
•		•		•				processo										
		•	•				IWO S					.S. MO	dbus via RS-485. 4-20 mA current loop.					
	•	•	•					1		Enclos		um						
										cover			Enclosure					
									В		Cover -							
									G				Flameproof					
													ectronics Enclosure & Cover					
										0A		equired						
										1B		•						
										<ul><li>1B Blind Cover - Flameproof</li><li>1G Glass Lens Cover - Flameproof</li></ul>								
										CODE Agency Approvals								
											1	_	(UL Standards)					
											9	FM	is v ,					
													Language					
												Е	English					
816	R	Α	Е	т	0020	С		1	G	0A	9	Е						
J- <b>V</b>								_			_							

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Model Number Legend DOC#: ML-816-005

ML-816-005-[001]
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<sup>\*</sup>Sensor only. The Packing Gland Assembly is available as standard in 316/316L Stainless Steel. For exotic alloys contact Kayden.



# KAYDEN | CLASSIC® 830 InLine Threaded

830	CODE	Senso	Sensor Type																
	R	-55°C	to +20	0°C (-5	8°F to	+392°F	) Conti	nuous S	ervice				4	έφ <u>{</u> ίξι ε		ALX.			
		CODE	Senso	or Mate	rial														
		А3	316/3	16L Sta	inless S	Steel c/	w Nicke	l Braze											
			CODE	Proce	ss Con	nectio	n - FNF	т											
			D	3/4"	3/4"														
				CODE	Senso	or Asse	mbly E	ody Le	ngth				Flo	w, Le	vel &	Temperature			
				0035	3.5" (	8.8 cm)										ansmitter			
					CODE	Bleed	Port												
					Α	Stand	ard												
				•		CODE	Senso	or Moui	nting C	rienta	tion								
						Н	Horizo	ntal Pip	е										
						V	Vertic	al Pipe											
						-	CODE	Inject	tion Tu	bes (3	/4" MN	PT x 1	./4" FI	NPT)					
							0	Not Re	equired										
							1	Type 1	l; .180′	' Bore;	316/31	6L Sta	inless	Steel					
							2	Type 2	2; .086′	' Bore;	316/31	6L Sta	inless	Steel					
		•		•				CODE	Moun	ting Bı	racket	Kit							
						•		Α	Not Required										
						•		В	90° A	90° Angle Bracket with hardware for wall/stand mounting									
										Powe									
		•							С		VDC a	nd 115	5-230 V	/AC, 5	0 to 60	) Hz			
		•									ronics								
		•														ce. Two SPDT fully sealed			
		•								relay o					. 4-20	mA current loop.			
		•				•							l Encl		_				
		•				•					1		eproof						
		•		•				•				CODE	Cove			l Enclosure / Enclosure			
		٠										-	D.: .						
		•		•		•		•				В				neproof			
		•		•				•				G				- Flameproof			
				•				•				•	CODE			ectronics & Cover			
				•				•				•	0.4						
						•				•			0A		Require				
						•				•	Blind Cover - Flameproof								
										1G Glass Lens Cover - Flameproof  CODE Agency Approvals									
		•				•						•		CODE 1					
						•				•		•		9	<sub>c</sub> CSA FM	us (UL Standards)			
		•	•				•					•	•			Language			
															E	<b>Language</b> English			
-	· -									•		_				LIIGIISII			
830	R	А3	D	0035	Α	Н	1	Α	С		1	В	0A	1	Е				

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Model Number Legend DOC#: ML-830-005

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# **KAYDEN** CLASSIC® 832 InLine Flanged

022	6655	Sensor Type																				
832	CODE				(_500E	to 130	20E) C	ontin	oue Car	vice.												
					(-58°F	ιυ +39	2-r) C	ontinu	ous ser	vice					ingo (11)		J.					
			Sens			<b>6</b> 1	,										1					
		А3			tainless		•								•		0					
					ess Co	nnecti	on - F	lange	Туре								0	9				
			Α		d Face										-		Tempe		•			
·			В	RTJ -	Ring T	ype Joi	nt						Switch & Transmitter									
CODE	ANSI	CODE		CODE				CODE	ANSI CODE ANSI CODE ANSI CODE ANSI CODE ANSI													
	3/4"		1"		1-1/2	'	2"		3"		4"		5"		6"		8"		10"			
111	150	121	150	131	150	141	150	151	150	161	150	171	150	181	150	191	150	201	150			
112	300	122	300	132	300	142	300	152	300	162	300	172	300	182	300	192	300	202	300			
113	600	123	600	133	600	143	600	153	600	163	600	173	600	183	600	193	600	203	600			
114	900	124	900	134	900	144	900	154	900	164	900	174	900	184	900	194	900	204	900			
					CODE	Flang	e Mate	erial														
					A	316/3	16L St	ainless	Steel													
						CODE	Sens	or Ass	embly	Body	Lengt	h (Fla	nge F	ace to	Flang	e Face	e)					
						IXXXX	Custo	m Body	/ Length	ns: Ava	ilable in	1/2" (	2" (1.0 cm) increments. eg. 16.0" = 0160 ('M' = cm									
							7" - 7	72" (re	lative t	o flang	flange size/rating)											
							CODE	Blee	d Port													
							Α	1/4"	Thread	ed - St	- Standard											
								CODE	Sens	or Orio	or Orientation											
								Н	Horizo	rizontal												
								V	Vertic													
									CODE	Pipe	ipe Schedule											
									0	Sched	lule 40											
									1	Sched	lule 80	(Stand	dard)									
						•				CODE	Input	Powe	er									
										С	12-24	VDC a	nd 11!	5-230	VAC, 5	0 to 60	) Hz					
											Elect	ronics										
											Microp	rocesso	r Contr	olled w	ith User	Interfa	ce. Two	SPDT fu	ılly sealed			
											relay c	ontacts	. Modbı	ıs via R	S-485.	4-20 m	A currer	nt loop.				
												CODE	Local	Enclo	sure							
												1	Flame	proof	- Alum	inum						
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																	Cove	r				
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											1B Blind Cover - Flameproof											
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832	R	А3	Α	131	Α	10060	A	н	0	С		1	G	0A	9	E						

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Model Number Legend DOC#: ML-832-005



# kayden.com Web Site

**kayden.com** is a comprehensive resource for most customer requirements.

The site offers a means to:

- Configure Products, Spare Parts and Accessories
- Compare our products to determine those best suited to your application
- View and print Product Manuals
- View and print Outline Dimensional Drawings, Wiring Diagrams & Parts Lists
- View and print Quick Setup Guides
- View and print Product Specifications and Brochures
- View our Support Section for Troubleshooting Assistance
- View our Corporate Policies (satisfaction guarantee, returns, repairs, etc.)
- Find your Kayden Distributor
- Download Kayden RCM Software
- View and print Approval Certificates



# **RCM Software Installation and Use**

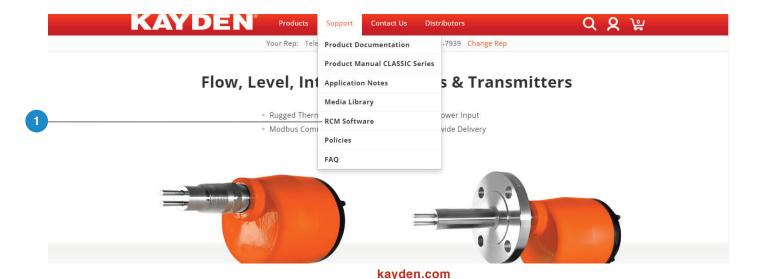
Kayden RCM (Remote Configuration and Management) Software, or simply RCMS, can be used to configure the Kayden CLASSIC, including features not accessible from the CLASSIC front panel such as delay timers and using temperature set points. RCMS can also save the configuration of a CLASSIC, which can be saved as a record or used to identically configure other CLASSICs.

RCMS is only available for computers running Microsoft Windows®

#### I. Install RCMS

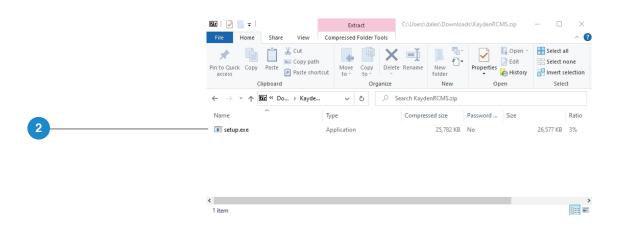
#### 1. Download

Download the RCMS installation ZIP file from the Kayden website.



#### 2. Open

Open the ZIP file using Windows Explorer and double-click setup.exe to install RCMS. You will need Administrator privileges to the computer or the Administrator password to continue.







# II. Wire RS-485 Connection from Computer to CLASSIC

#### 1. Connect to PC

Connect the computer with RCMS installed to a CLASSIC using a suitable RS-485 adapter (the CLASSIC communicates using single-duplex RS-485 at 9600 baud). Kayden offers both USB-to-RS-485 adapters as well as RS-232-to-RS-485 adapters.

# III. RS-485 Communication Adapters and Cable



PC Port	Adapter	Cable
D89	Part Number: A15-321  Kayden SCA for computers with DB-9 RS-232.	A05-CC-0004 4 feet A05-CC-0008 8 feet A05-CC-0010 10 feet Contact factory for custom length.
USB	Part Number: USB-RS485  Pigtail cable for direct connection with terminal block for optional use.	No cable required unless terminal block is used



**Start RCMS** 



Start RCMS. RCMS must be run as Administrator; hold the Shift key then right-click on the RCMS icon and select Run as Administrator from the pop-up context menu.



#### 3. Connect RCMS to the CLASSIC

After RCMS has started, you must specify the Unit number of the CLASSIC device (also called the Modbus Node Address) and the COM port used by the RS-485 Adapter.

RCMS will connect immediately if the previous settings used are still valid.



The default Unit number is Unit 1, which is the CLASSIC factory default Node Address.

The COM port the CLASSIC is connected to can be found through Windows Device Manager. In the following figure, Device Manager shows a single USB Serial Port which has been assigned COM8.



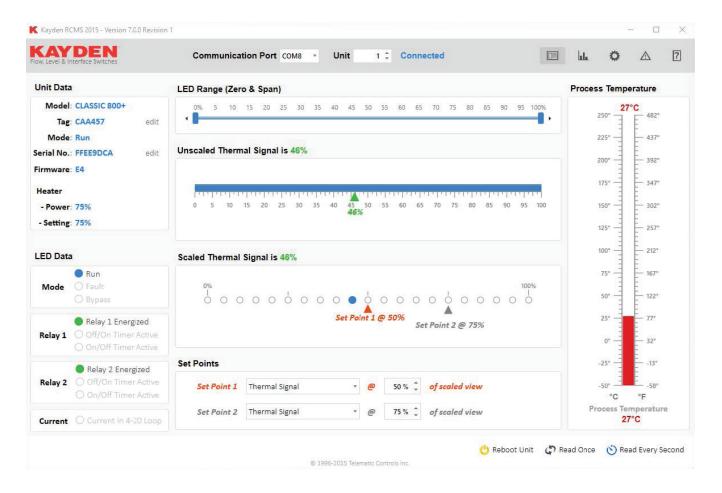


# **Click to Attempt Connection**

After setting the Unit number and COM port, click the Refresh icon to connect to the CLASSIC.

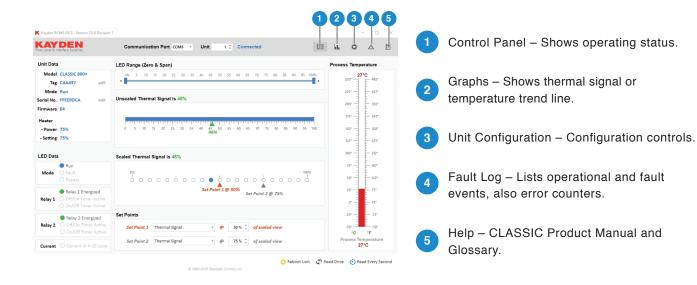
If the connection is successful, RCMS will remember the COM port and Unit number and use them the next time it is run.





#### IV. RCM Software Views

RCMS provides five views, selected using the icons in the upper right:

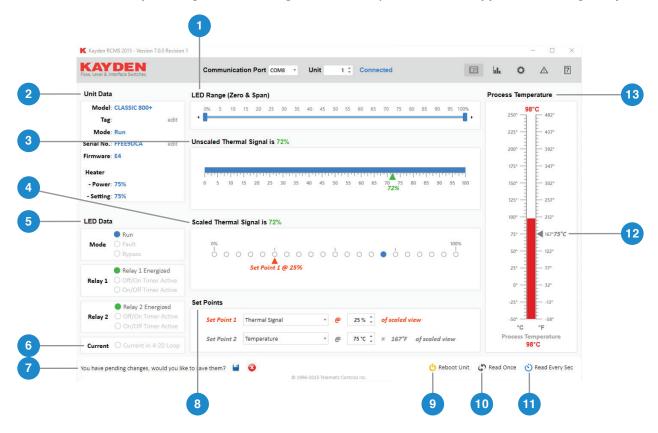




#### V. Control Panel View

The Control Panel View displays device information, operating status, and allows some configuration. Click Read Once to update the dashboard, click Read Every Second to show changing status in real time.

The unit MUST stop reading to enter configuration mode (a STOP button appears if reading every second)



#### **LED Bar Graph Range** (LRV & URV)

Adjust LRV and URV by dragging pointers.

#### 2. Unit Data

Lists Model, Tag (if configured), Serial Number, Firmware Version, Operating Mode, configured Heater Power and current Heater Power (if Smart Heater is operating, current power will be 20%).

- **Unscaled Thermal Signal**
- **Scaled Thermal Signal**
- **LED Data**

Replicates Front Panel LEDs. Shows operating mode, relay status, and analog 4-20 mA loop status.

6. 4-20 mA Current Loop Active (inactive if no loop current)

#### 7. Save/Cancel

Click "Save" (Disk Icon) to save the configuration changes to the CLASSIC, or "Cancel" (X Icon) to revert to the current CLASSIC configuration.

### 8. Relay Set Points

Displays whether responding to Thermal Signal or Temperature. The relays can be configured when the CLASSIC is not being read continuously.

- 9. Click to Reboot CLASSIC (equivalent to cycling power, does not alter configuration)
- 10. Click to Refresh Control Panel (reads once)
- 11. Click to Continuously Update Control Panel (button changes to Stop Reading when clicked)

#### 12. Temperature Set Point

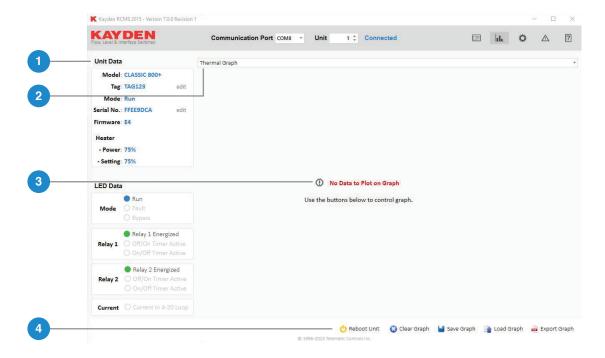
Appears if a relay has been configured to respond to temperature. The temperature set point can be adjusted by dragging the arrow when the CLASSIC is not being read continuously.

**13. Process Temperature** (reference RTD temperature)



# **VI. Graphs View**

The Graphs View will initially not show any data; to start graphing the Read Every Second button must be clicked.



#### **Unit Data & LED Data**

Same as in the Control Panel View.

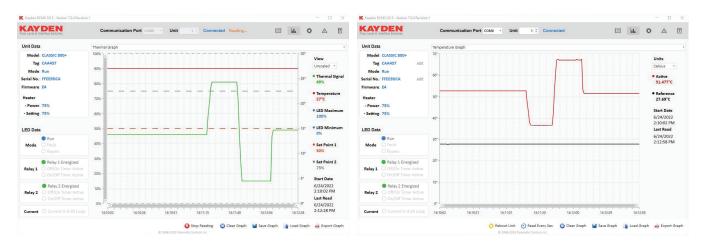
### 2. Graph Selector

Selector to graph Thermal Signal or Temperature (plotting both the reference RTD and the active or heated RTD).

### **Graph Region**

#### 4. Control Buttons

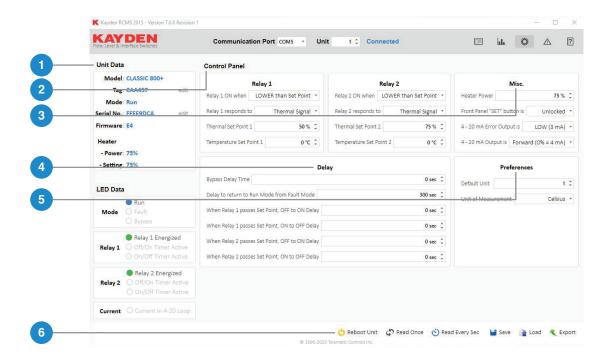
Control buttons to Reboot, Read Every Second, Clear Graph, Save Graph, (to a KGR file for viewing later in RCMS), Load Graph (an existing KGR format file), and Export Graph (to a PDF document). The Read Every Second button changes to a Stop Reading button after starting reading.





# VII. Unit Configuration View

The Unit Configuration View is used to configure the CLASSIC operation. In addition to configurations available using the front panel.



#### 1. Unit Data & LED Data

Same as in the Control Panel View.

#### 2. Control Panel

Relay 1 and 2 Actuation Level, Mode (Thermal Signal or Temperature Control), and Set Point configuration.

#### 3. Misc. Controls

Default Heater Power, Lock Front Panel, Analog 4-20 mA Output Direction, and Analog 4-20 mA Error Condition.

#### 4. Delay Timers

#### 5. Preferences

Default unit and Unit of Measurement to show. These settings apply ONLY to RCMS and are NOT CLASSIC configurations.

#### 6. Control Buttons

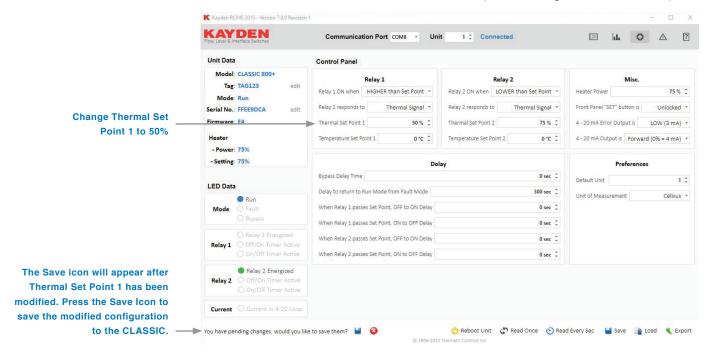
Control buttons to Reboot Unit, Read Once, Read Every Second, Save (configuration to a KST file), Load (configuration from a KST file) and Export (save configuration to a text file).

RCMS can be used to save a custom CLASSIC configuration, as a record of the CLASSIC configuration, to revert changes in the future should it be necessary, or to configure multiple CLASSIC devices identically.

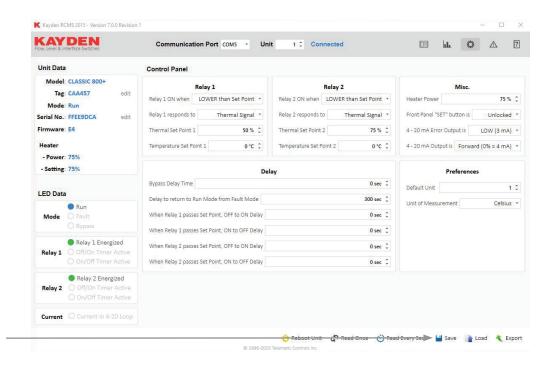


# **VIII. Save CLASSIC Configuration**

- Launch RCMS, connect to the CLASSIC, and access the Unit Configuration view in RCMS (click the gear icon in the upper right, or use shortcut Ctrl-J).
- 2. If the CLASSIC has not been configured yet, first edit the configuration and save the changes to the CLASSIC. For example, we will change the default Relay 1 Thermal Setpoint from 25% to 50%.
- 3. Save the CLASSIC configuration to a file by clicking the Save icon in RCMS. The default filename will be SerialNumber\_TAG\_Date\_Time.kst, but this can be edited if desired (do not change the kst extension).

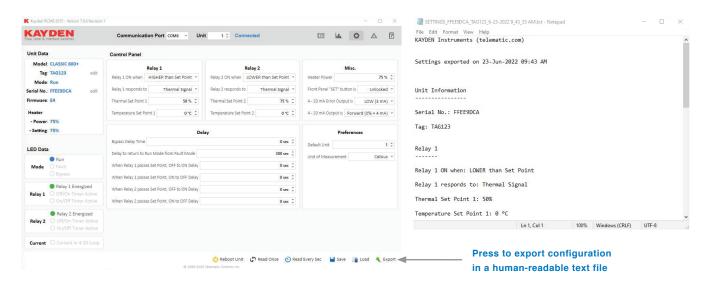


RCMS can also generate a human readable text file listing the configuration parameters as well as the Serial Number and Tag (the Serial Number and Tag are identification, and are not included in the configuration).



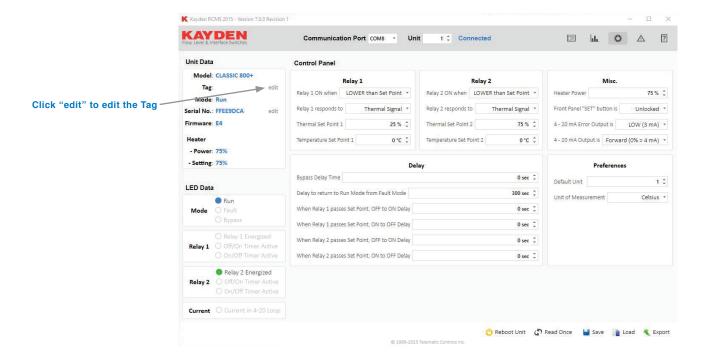
Press to save configuration in a format that can be loaded and saved to a CLASSIC



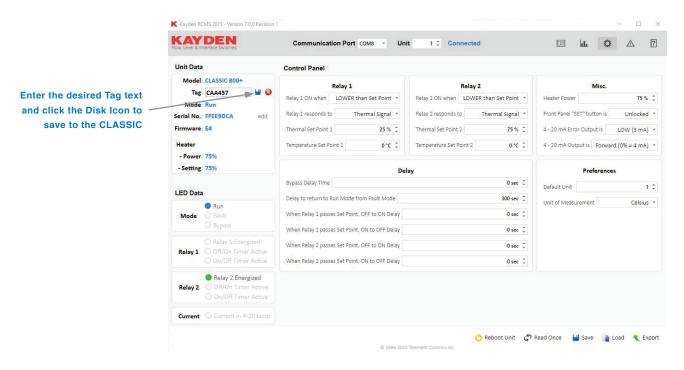


# IX. Load CLASSIC Configuration

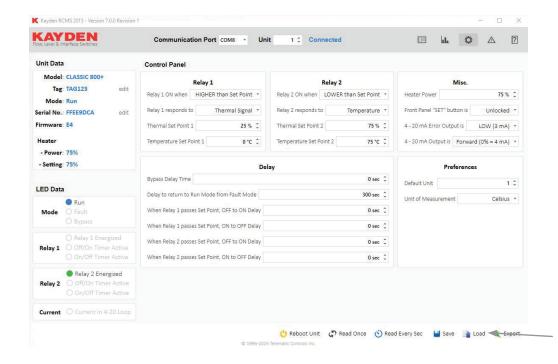
If the CLASSIC is a new device and you configure the Tag on your CLASSIC devices, set the Tag first, before loading a configuration.





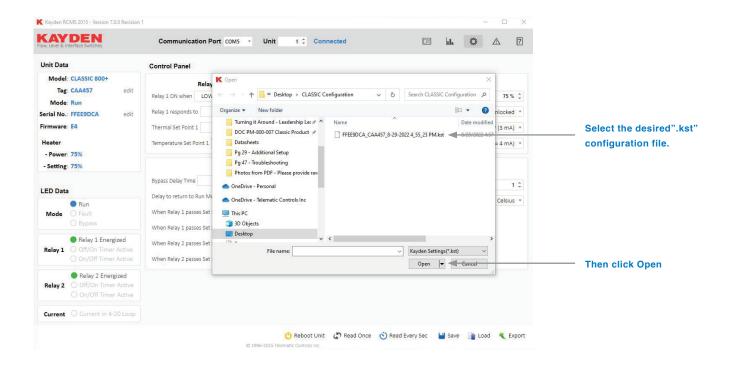


Load the configuration into RCMS.

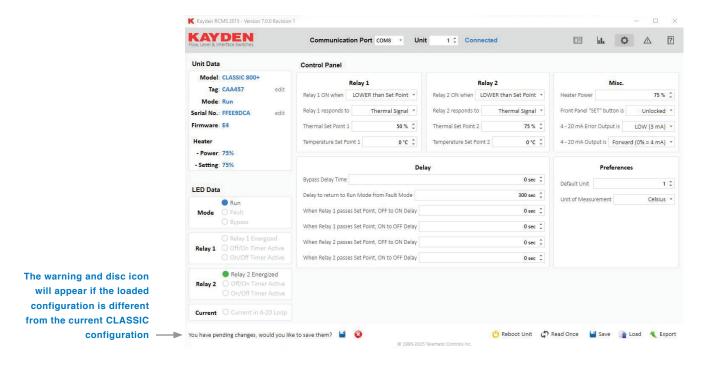


Click the Load Icon to select a configuration file to load





3. Save the configuration to the CLASSIC. If the loaded configuration is different from the CLASSIC's current configuration, the change warning and disk icon will appear. Click the disk icon to save the configuration to the CLASSIC.

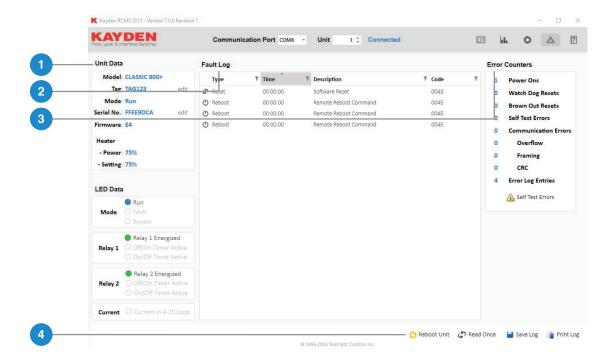


After saving, the CLASSIC restarts with the new configuration.



# X. Fault Log View

The Fault Log View shows the stored Fault Log events, and value of the Error Counters.



#### **Unit Data & LED Data** 1.

Same as in the Dashboard View.

#### 2. Fault Log

Fault Log Event List (not necessarily faults).

### 3. Error Counters

- a. Power Ons: Successful startup after applying or cycling power
- b. Watch Dog Resets: Internal software failure and automatic restart
- c. Brown Out Resets: Power source fell below the minimum acceptable voltage but recovered before complete failure (complete failure is a Power On)
- d. Self Test Errors: Open or short-circuit in the sensor circuitry or wiring, or internal heater power supply failure
- e. Communication Errors: Modbus communication failure due to incorrect message construction, incorrect baud rate, more than one device with the same ID on the Modbus, a faulty device on the Modbus, or electrical noise on the RS-485 interface
- f. Error Log Entries: Total number of listed error log events to a maximum of 16. Older devices may show the total number of error events, although the maximum listed is 32.

### 4. Control Buttons

Control buttons to Reboot Unit, Read Once, Save Log (to an Excel XLS file), and Print Log (to a system printer, which can include Microsoft Print to PDF).

### XI. Help

The RCMS Help provides a list of RCMS features and a digital copy of the Kayden CLASSIC Product Manual.

Notes	

Notes	





This document and other information from Kayden and its authorized distributors, provides product and/or system options for further investigation by users having technical expertise. It is important that you analyze all aspects of your application and review the information concerning the product or system in the current catalog located online at kayden.com.

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- 60 calendar days from the date of invoice.
- Up to twenty-five (25) Standard Products of any type or combination per order. Should the customer, for any reason, be unsatisfied with any or all of the Products, he/she may return any or all of them for a full refund.

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### Warranty

One (1) Year from shipment date from factory (see Terms & Conditions of Sale).





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