FAIRCHILD T7800 EXTENDED RANGE MINIATURE ELECTRO-PNEUMATIC TRANSDUCER Installation, Operation and Maintenance Instructions

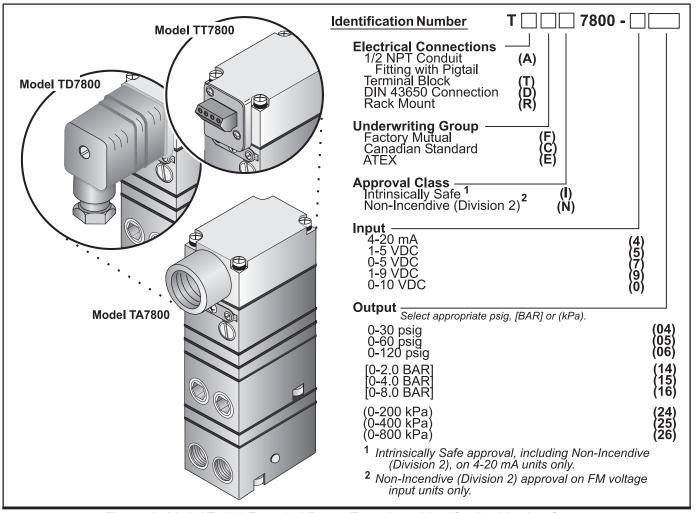


Figure 1. Model T7800 Extended Range Transducer Identification Number System.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Model T7800 Series of Electro-Pneumatic Transducer converts a DC input signal to a linearly proportional pneumatic output pressure.

SPECIFICATIONS

Functional Specifications			
	psig [BAR] (kPa)	psig [BAR] (kPa)	psig [BAR] (kPa)
Output Range	0-30 [0-2.0] (0-200)	0-60 [0-4.0] (0-400)	0-120 [0-8.0] (0-800)
Input Range	4-20 mA DC, 0-10 VDC, 1-9 VDC, 0-5 VDC, 1-5 VDC		
Supply ¹ Pressure	35-150 [2.5-10] (250-1000)	65-150 [4.6-10] (460-1000)	125-150 [8.8-10] (880-1000)
Minimum Span	12.5 [0.85] (85)	25 [1.5] (150)	50 [3.0] (300)

¹ Supply Pressure must be no less than 5 psig, [0.35 BAR], (35 kPa) above maximum output.

	Set Point				
Air Con- sumption	0 psig [0 BAR] (0 kPa)	15 psig [1.0 BAR] (100 kPa)	30 psig [2.0 BAR] (200 kPa)	60 psig [4.0 BAR] (400 kPa)	120 psig [8.0 BAR] (800 kPa)
0- 30 psig SCFH	3.1 (.09 m ³ /HR)	7.81 (.22 m ³ /HR)	11.8 (.33 m ³ /HR)		
0- 60 psig SCFH	1.6 (.04 m ³ /HR)	4.7 (.13 m ³ /HR)	7.8 (.22 m ³ /HR)	13.3 (.37 m ³ /HR)	15.1
0-120 psig SCFH	0.5 (.01 m ³ /HR)		3.8 (.11 m ³ /HR)	7.6 (.21 m ³ /HR)	(.42 m ₃ /HR)
Flow Rate SCFM	11.0 (18.7m³/HR) @150 psig, [10 BAR], (1000 kPa) supply & midscale output.				
Temper- a t u r e	Operating40°F to +160°F (-40°C to +71.2°C)				
Range				o +82.2°C)	
Span/Zero Adjustments	Screwdriver adjustments located on front of unit.				
Required Operating	Two Wire Current Input				
Voltages	7.2 VDC @ 20 mA (4-20 mA signal)				
Supply Voltage	Three Wire Voltage Input 7-30 VDC, less than 3 mA				
Signal Impedance					

Specifications (continued)

Performance Specifications			
Accuracy (ISA S51.1)	± 0.25% Full Scale Guaranteed ± 0.15% Full Scale Typical		
Hysteresis (ISA S51.1)	(0.25% Full Scale	
Deadband	(0.02% Full Scale	
Repeatability (ISA S51.1)		0.1% Full Scale	
Position Effect	0.125%	@ 90° & 0.25%	@ 180°
Vibration Effect	Less than \pm 1% of Span under the following conditions: 5-15 Hz @ 0.8 inches constant displacement 15-500 Hz @ 10 g/s.		
Reverse Polarity Protection	No damage occurs from reversal of normal supply current (4-20 mA) or from misapplication of up to 60 mA.		
RFI/EMI Effect	Less than 0.5% of span @ 30 V/m class 3 Band ABC (20 to 1000 mHz) per SAMA PMC 33.1 1978 and less than 0.5% of span @ 10 V/m level, to 2 Ghz band per EN 61000-4-3:1998+A1 EMC Directive 89/336/EEC European Norms EN 61326.		
Supply Effect Pressure	0.1 psig Change for 10 psig Supply Change.		
Temperature Effect	± [0.5% +0.06% /°F Temperature Change] of Span Typical.		
		psig [BAR] (kPa)	psig [BAR] (kPa)
Frequency Response	0-30 [0-2.0] (0-200)	0-60 [0-4.0] (0-400)	0-120 [0-8.0] (0-800)
	-3 db @ 2 Hz per ISA S26.4.3.1 load configuration A.		
Materials of Construction	Body and Housing Chromate Treated Aluminum Orifice Nickel Plated Brass & Sapphire Trim Stainless Steel Brass & Zinc Plated Steel		
	Elastomers Nitrile Finish Epoxy Powder Coating		

HAZARDOUS AREA CLASSIFICATION

FM (Factory Mutual) Approvals:

Intrinsically Safe: (4-20 mA only)

(TDF17800, TAF17800)

Class I, Division 1, Groups C and D;

Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F, and G;

Class III, Division 1, Fibers;

NEMA 4X Enclosure; Temperature Code T4.

(TTFI7800, TRFI7800)

Class I, Division 1, Groups C and D; Temperature Code T4.

Entity Parameters		
Vmax ¹ = 30 VDC	Ci³ = 0 μF	
Imax ² = 200 mA	Li⁴ = 0 mH	
¹ Vmax = Maximum Voltage	³ Ci = Capacitance	
² Imax = Maximum Current	⁴ Li = Inductance	

FM Approval (continued):

Non-Incendive: (4-20 mA and voltage input units) (TDFI7800, TAFI7800, TDFN7800, TAFN7800)

Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D; Class II, Division 2, Groups F, and G;

Class III, Division 2; NEMA 4X Enclosure; Temperature Code T4.

(TTFI7800, TRFI7800, TTFN7800, TRFN7800)

Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D; Temperature Code T4.

CSA (Canadian Standards Association) Approvals:

Intrinsically Safe: (4-20 mA only)

(TDCI7800, TACI7800)

Class I, Division 1, Groups C and D; Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F, and G;

Type 4 Enclosure;

Rated 4-20 mA, 30 VDC Maximum;

Temperature Code T6.

(TTC17800, TRC17800)

Class I, Division 1, Groups C and D; Temperature Code T6.

Approvals are valid when connected through a Shunt Zener Diode Safety Barrier meeting the following parametric requirements:

	System Type 1:	Single Channel Polarized Rated: 28.5V Max. 300 Ohm Min.	
	System Type 2:	Dual Channel Polarized Rated: 28.5V Max. 300 Ohm Min. and 10V Max. 50 Ohm Min.	
	System Type 3:	Dual Channel Polarized Rated: 28.5V Max. 300 Ohm Min. and 28V Diode return per channel.	

Division 2 Approvals: (4-20 mA only) (TDCI7800, TTCI7800, TRCI7800)

Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D; Rated 4-20 mA, 30 VDC Maximum; Temperature Code T6.

(TACI7800)

Class I, Division2, Groups A, B, C and D; Class II, Division 2, Groups E, F, and G; Type 4 Enclosure; Rated 4-20 mA, 30 VDC Maximum; Temperature Code T6.

ATEX Approvals:

Intrinsically Safe: (4-20 mA only)

(TAEI7800, TDEI7800, TTEI7800, TREI7800)

^(ξχ) II 1G (T4)

EEx ia IIB, T4 (-20°C to +72° C Ambient).

(TAEI7800, TDEI7800)

IP65 Enclosure.

	ii do Endidade.			
Transducer Parameters				
	$Umax^{1}(U_{i}) = 28 V$ $Imax^{2}(I_{i}) = 100 mA$	$Vmax^{3}(W_{i}) = 0.7 W$ $Ceq^{4}(C_{i}) = 0$ $Leq^{5}(L_{i}) = 0$		
	¹ Umax = Maximum Voltage ² Imax = Maximum Current	 Wmax = Maximum Power Ceq = Capacitance Leq = Inductance 		









INSTALLATION

The Model T7800 can be mounted directly onto a flat surface using two 10-32 Screws. For more information, see Figure 2. "TA7800 Outline Dimensions".

The Model T7800 is supplied with a Mounting Kit 16799-1 for Panel or Wall Mounting and a Mounting Bracket Kit 16893 for Din Rail Mounting. For more information, see Figure 3. on page 3 and Figure 7. on page 5.

An Optional Mounting Kit 19254-1 is available when installing the unit on a 2" pipe. For more information, see Figure 8. on page 5.

NOTE: The TR7800 Transducer is designed for use with the TR Rack Kit. Physically, it is the same as the TT7800 (Terminal Block) Unit except that the terminal block has been rotated to the rear. For more information, see Figure 6. "TR7800 Outline Dimensions" on page 4.

ATEX Directive - Special Conditions for Safe Use:

The enclosure is manufactured from aluminu alloy. In rare cases, ignition sources due to impact and friction sparks could occur. This sall be considered whent he equipment is installed in locations that specifically require Group II, category 1G equipment.

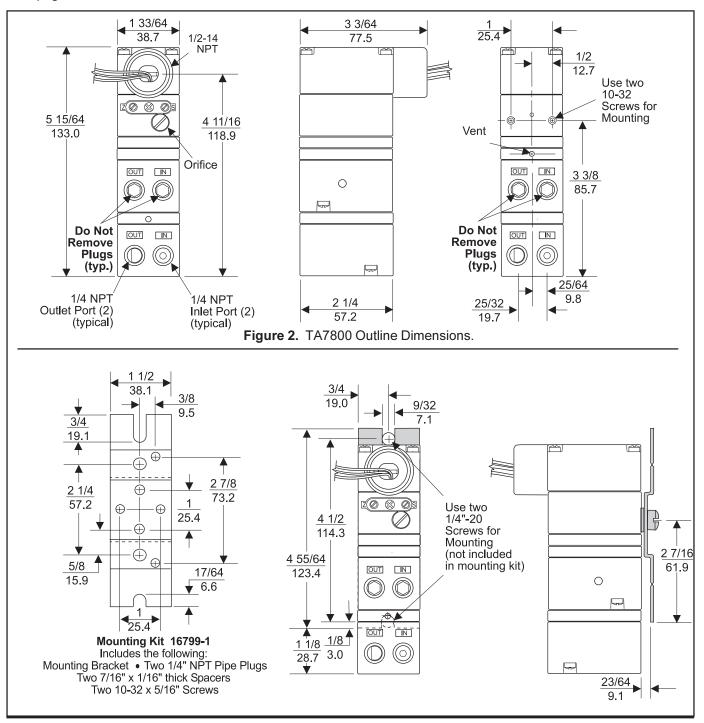


Figure 3. Mounting Kit 16799-1. (Included with Unit)

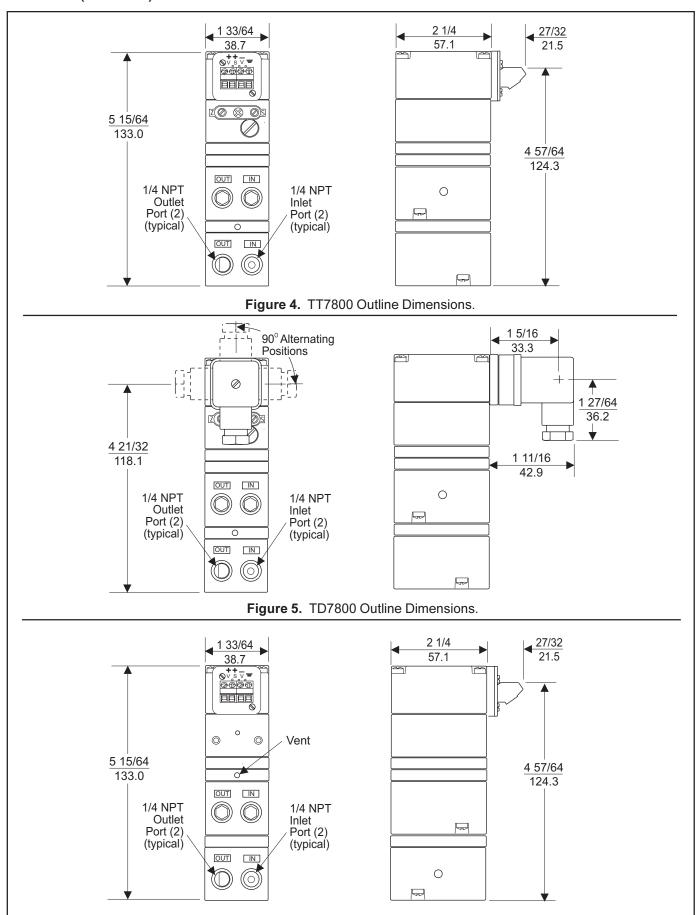


Figure 6. TR7800 Outline Dimensions.

Installation (continued)

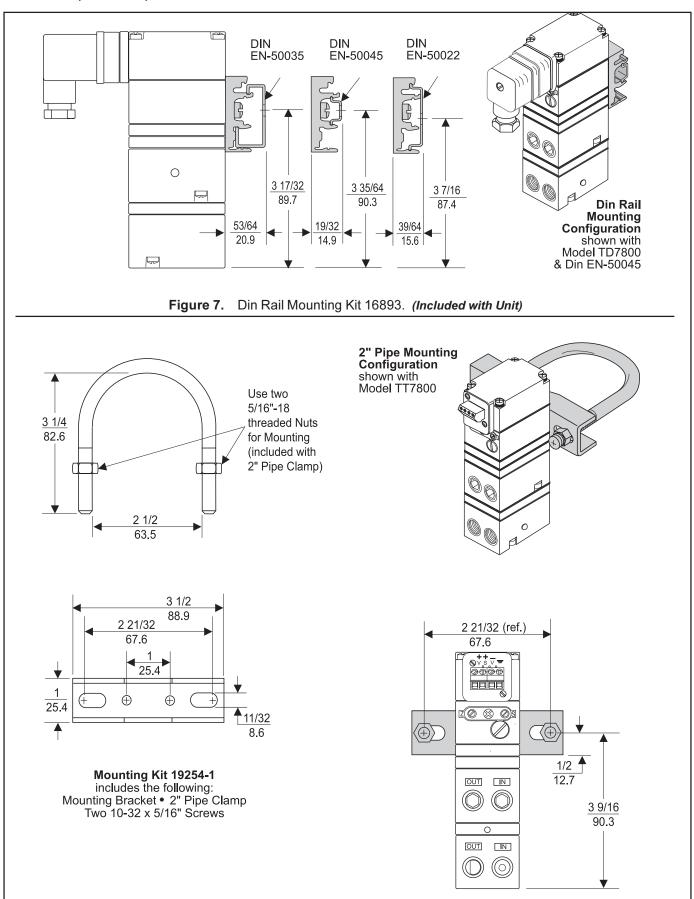


Figure 8. Optional Mounting Kit 19254-1. (Sold Separately)

Pneumatic Connections

Clean all pipelines to remove dirt and scale before installation.

Apply a minimum amount of pipe compound to the male threads of the fitting only. **Do Not use teflon tape as a sealant.** Start with the third thread back and work away from the end of the fitting to avoid the possibility of contaminating the transducer. Install the transducer in the air line.

The inlet and outlet ports, in the lower valve body, are labeled on the ends of the transducer. Tighten connections securely. Avoid undersized fittings that will limit the flow through the transducer and cause a pressure drop downstream. For more information, see Figure 2. "Outline Drawing" on page 3.

NOTE: Instrument quality air, per ISA Standards S7.3-1981, is required. Use a filter to remove dirt and liquid in the air line ahead of the transducer for correct performance. If an air line lubricator is used, it MUST be located downstream, beyond the transducer.

The user is responsible for insuring that the environment in which the unit will be installed, and the operating gas, are compatible with the materials in the transducer.

Electric Connections

Make connections to the Terminal Block, Conduit Connector or the DIN Connector as shown below in Figure 9. "Electrical Connections".

Wiring in Hazardous Areas

Wiring in hazardous areas should be performed in accordance with the table 1. and any local codes that apply.

Table 1. Hazardous Location Wiring Practices.			
Country	Agency	Code	
U.S.	FM	ANSI/ISA RP 12.6 ANSI/NFPA70	
Canada Europe	CSA ATEX	CED Part 1 EN 50 039, EN 60079-14, IEC 60079-14	

Intrinsically Safe Connections

Refer to the latest revision of the indicated drawing.

Table 2. Intrinsically Safe Connections.		
Underwriting Group	Drawing Number	
FM (Factory Mutual) CSA(Canadian Standards) ATEX	EC-18970 EC-18971 EC-18972	

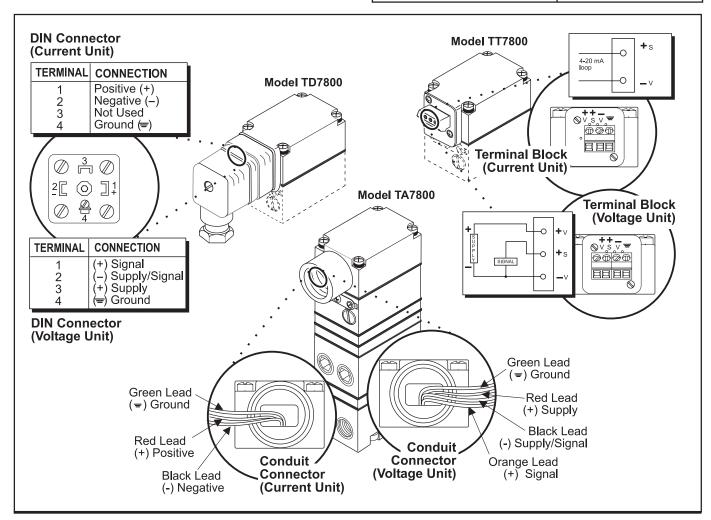


Figure 9. Electrical Connections.

CALIBRATIONS / ADJUSTMENTS

Equipment Required for Calibration:

- Pneumatic Supply capable of delivering up to 150 psig.
- Current Supply capable of delivering up to 30 mA.
- Pressure Gage capable of a digital readout up to 150 psig with an accuracy of .1%.
- Digital Volt Meter capable of a readout up to 30 mA with an accuracy of .02%.

The following adjustments are provided:

Full Range Operation Lo/Hi Span Forward/Reverse Mode Calibration - Zero and Span Split Range Operation Damping Adjustments

FULL RANGE OPERATION

Lo/Hi Span Adjustment

1. Set the Lo/Hi Span Jumper to the Hi position for 0-30 psig, 0-60 or 0-120 psig output range. For more information, see Table 3. "Full Range Operation" on page 8.

Forward Acting Mode Adjustment

2. Set Fwd/Rev Mode Jumper to Forward position.

Forward Acting Calibration - Zero

3. Apply the minimum input signal and adjust the Zero screw for minimum output pressure.

Forward Acting Calibration - Span

- **4.** Apply the maximum input signal and adjust the Span screw for maximum output pressure.
- Repeat steps 3-4 until the desired output range is obtained.

Reverse Acting Mode Adjustment

NOTE: DO NOT reverse the input leads.

6. Set Fwd/Rev Mode Jumper to the Reverse position

Reverse Acting Calibration - Zero

7. Apply the maximum input signal and adjust the Zero screw for minimum output pressure.

• Reverse Acting Calibration - Span

- 8. Apply the minimum input signal and adjust the Span screw for maximum output pressure.
- Repeat steps 7-8 until the desired output range is obtained.

SPLIT RANGE OPERATION

Lo/Hi Span Adjustment

1. Set the Lo/Hi Span switch to the **Lo** position for 0-15 psig, 15-30 psig, 0-30 psig, 30-60 psig, 0-60 psig, or 60-120 psig, output range. For more information, see Table 4. "Split Range Operation" on page 8.

Forward Acting Mode Adjustment

2. Set Fwd/Rev Mode Jumper to the Forward position.

• Forward Acting Calibration - Zero

3. Apply the minimum input signal and adjust the Zero screw for minimum output pressure.

• Forward Acting Calibration - Span

- 4. Apply the maximum input signal and adjust the Span screw for maximum output pressure.
- Repeat steps 3-4 until the desired output range is obtained.

Reverse Acting Mode Adjustment

NOTE: DO NOT reverse the input leads.

6. Set Fwd/Rev Mode Jumper to the Reverse position.

Reverse Acting Calibration - Zero

7. Apply the maximum input signal and adjust the Zero screw for minimum output pressure.

· Reverse Acting Calibration - Span

- **8.** Apply the minimum input signal and adjust the Span screw for maximum output pressure.
- Repeat steps 7-8 until the desired output range is obtained.

Additional Adjustments

Damping Adjustment

The Damping Adjustment is used so that the transducer can be tuned for optimum response and stability in a particular application.

For best performance start Damping Adjustment at maximum adjustment (fully clockwise). Gradually turn counterclockwise until slight oscillation occurs and then turn back clockwise until oscillation is minimized. For more information, see Figure 10. "T7800 Calibration Configuration"

- **1.** Turn Damping Adjustment clockwise to increase damping function.
- **2.** Turn Damping Adjustment counterclockwise to decrease damping function.

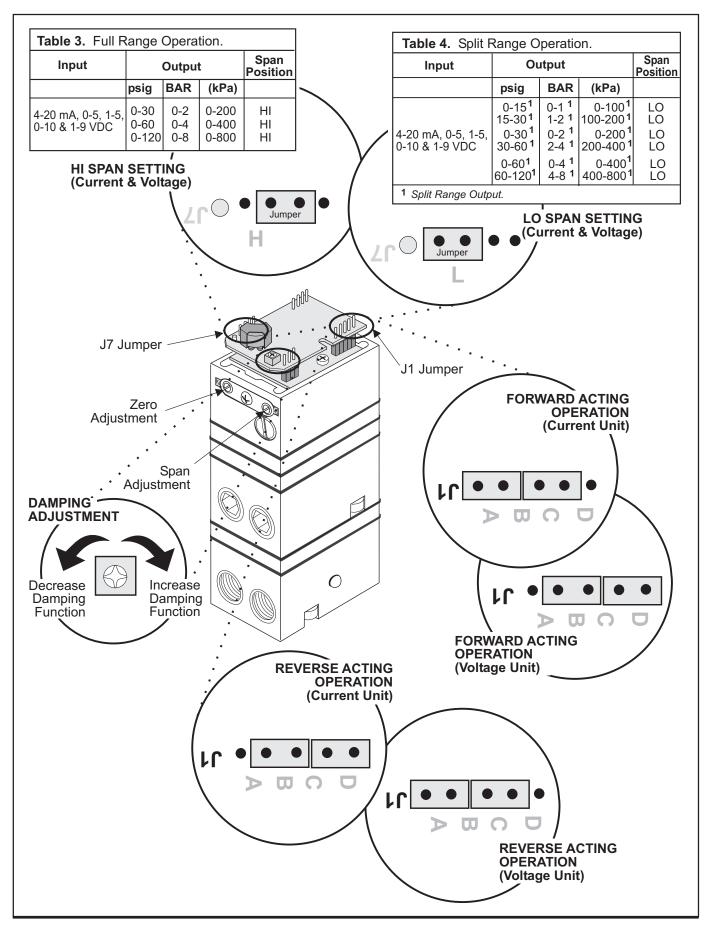


Figure 10. T7800 Calibration Configuration.

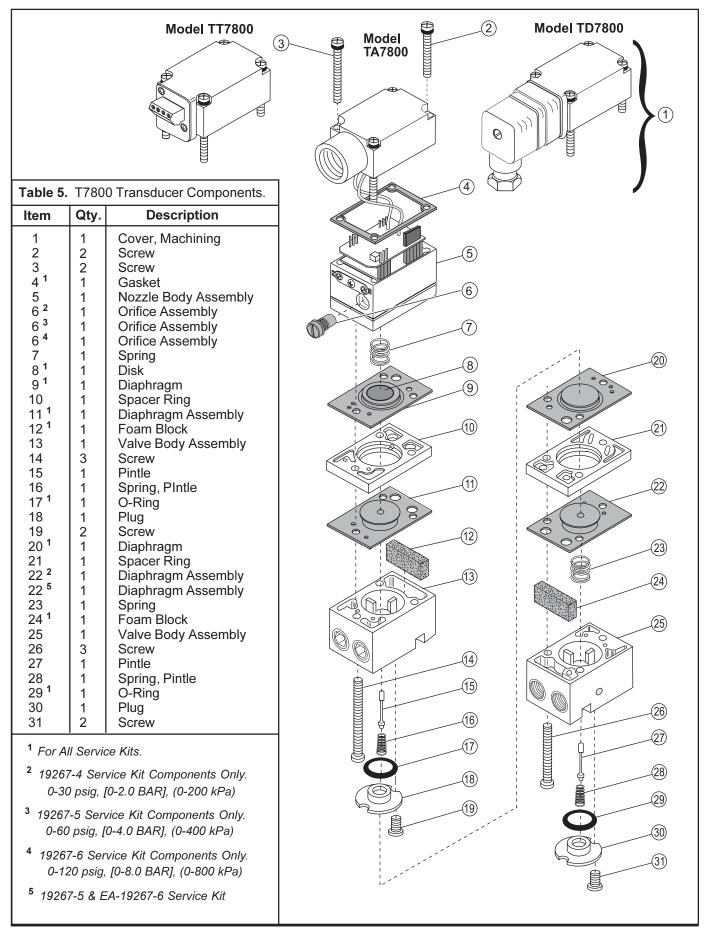


Figure 11. Exploded Drawing.

MAINTENANCE

To clean the Orifice, use the following procedure:

- Shut off the valve that is supplying air to transducer.
 It is not necessary to remove the Transducer from the air line.
- 2. Remove the Orifice Assembly (6) from the unit. For more detailed information see Figure 11. "Exploded Drawing" on page 9.
- 3. Clean with alcohol and dry with compressed air.

NOTES: Parts must be completely dry before reassembling.

If the standard maintenance procedure does not correct the trouble, install Service Kit.

TROUBLE-SHOOTING

Table 6. Trouble-Shooting.		
Problem	Solution (check)	
No Output	Supply Pressure Clogged Orifice	
Leakage	Connections	
Low or Improper Span Adjust	Zero and Span Adjust Supply Pressure Low Output Leakage	
Erratic Operation	DC Signal Loose Wires or Connections Liquid in Air Supply	

WARNING: Failure of Transducer could result in output pressure increasing to supply pressure possibly causing personal injury or damage to equipment.

LEGAL NOTICE:

The information set forth in the foregoing Installation, Operation and Maintenance Instructions shall not be modified or amended in any respect without prior written consent of Fairchild Industrial Products Company. In addition, the information set forth herein shall be furnished with each product sold incorporating Fairchild's unit as a component thereof.



